WEST END
CINEMA
AT CHURNEY ROAD
will show you all the latest and the best.
The theatre is cool and comfortable.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

VOL. IV NO. 241 BOMBAY: MONDAY, OCTOBER 9. 1916 ONE ANNA.

A NEW ATTRACTION
WEST END
CINEMA
the theatre to which you will eventually go.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS

to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons.
11th Oct.	Karmala ..	9000	.. ..	..
15th ..	Khiva ..	9000	.. ..	..
22nd ..	Arabia ..	8000	.. ..	..
29th ..	Nellore ..	7000	.. ..	..
5th Novr.	Salsette ..	6000	Morea ..	11000
12th ..	Kashmir ..	9000	.. ..	..
19th ..	Salsette ..	6000	Medina ..	12500
26th ..	Caledonia ..	8000	.. ..	..
3rd Decr.	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia ..	10000
10th ..	Khyber ..	9000	.. ..	..
17th ..	Saled o ..	6000	Malwa ..	11500
24th ..	Naz ya ..	7000	.. ..	..
31st ..	Salsette ..	6000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
31st Oct	Malta ..	7000	Malwa *	11000
17th Nov	Novara ..	7600	Mooltan ..	10000

The steamer marked * is a through sailing from London to Australia and will be diverted via Bombay, leaving this port about the 23rd October.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination.
*11th Oct.	Linga	Karachi direct.
10th Oct.	Upada	Calcutta direct
10th Oct.	Chakl	Persian Gulf extra.
11th Oct.	Karo	E. S. Africa via Mormugao.
*13th Oct.	Lhas	Karachi coasting.
16th Oct.	Berbera	Middlesboro via Suez Portsaid and Genoa

*Or later on arrival of the English Mail steamer.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents P. & O. and B. I. S. N. Coys,
Nicol Road, Bombay.

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,

(Incorporated in Japan.)

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons	Arrival.	Departur
Sanyei Maru	K. Tomozawa	2844	2nd Oct	14th Oct.
Yetorofu Maru	S. Hirata	4176	9th Oct	19th Oct
Tenshin Maru	R. Ozaki	4173	17th Oct.	22nd Oct.
Penang Maru	S. Kushibiki	5280	17th Oct	29th Oct
Yebechi Maru	S. Kishimoto	4008	19th Oct.	31st Oct.
Totomi Maru	M. Fujio	3412	25th Oct.	5th Nov.
YamagataMaru	K. Kudo	3791	28th Oct.	9th Nov.

For Freight apply to—

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 319,057.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN.

via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers.	Tons	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Malay Maru ..	4515	M. Nemoto	16th Oct.	26th Oct.
Saigon Maru..	4353	Y. Yamamoto	23rd Oct.	2nd Nov.
Luzon Maru ..	4075	T. Watanabe.	3rd Nov.	14th Nov.
Kasato Maru..	6209	.. ..	5th Nov.	16th Nov.

For Freight apply to

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S

CITY AND HALL LINES.

JOINT SERVICE

AUTUMN SAILINGS OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about.
City of York	A&C	7834	10th Oct
City of Birmingham	A&C	7498	10th Nov.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	555	883	420	630
London via Marseilles	650	1,023	480	720
Liverpool ..	600	90	452	678
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	943	..	713

Special rates by B. Class steamers on application.

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided, it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through bookings in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Bombay:—Messrs. E. Bates & Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

ABAD & TANKAHKEE LINES.

REGULARLY TO PERSIAN GULF.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
S.S. Bandai Maru	3227	Arrived.	12th Oct.
S.S. Anyo Maru	2169	20th Oct.	1st Nov.
S.S. Mogami Maru	2036	26th Oct.	8th Nov.

For further particulars apply to:—

MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GUL S. N. CO. LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports via Karachi.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation, Deck passengers also carried.

Present sailings are as follows:—

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S ZAYANI, 3,504 tons, on or about 10th October.

S. S. SHUSHTAR, 2,664 tons, on or about 20th October.

FOR JEDDAH VIA ADEN.

S. S. SARDAR, 1,992 tons, on or about 13th October.

For further particulars apply to

HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & CO.,
Agents,
121, Esplanade Road.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

SHARE, STOCK, EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' reference sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.

Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks, Firms and Mills.

Loans arranged on shares and approved securities.

Life and Fire Insurance effected with first class English and Indian Companies.

Agency business of all sorts undertaken.

Address.—31, Hurumum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic address:—"SURETY" Bombay

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,900,000

Head Office:

26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.

Agents in Mauritius: ...
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittences may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale Government Securities. Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising. Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,800,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angles	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Singapore.	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

M. SHUTO,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 31,09,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 16,21,208
Reserve Funds	Rs. 11,38,656

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

Bankers to the Government in Busrah.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders... £ 562,500
Reserve Fund ..... £ 550,000

HEAD OFFICE.

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor.
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares, and receives same for Safe Custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE: 38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON.	STRAITS & MALAY STATES	CHINA & JAPAN
Bombay.	Singapore.	Hongkong.
Calcutta.	Penang.	Shanghai.
Madras.	Malacca.	Canton.
Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor.	Foochow.
Delhi.	Ipoh.	Hankow.
Amritsar.	Klang.	Peking.
Rangoon	Seremban.	Tientsin.
Tavoy.	Taiping.	Yokohama.
Colombo.		Kobe.

JAVA & SUMATRA.	INDO-CHINA.	PHILIPPINES.	SIAM.
Batavia.	Saigon.	Manila.	Bangkok.
Sourabaya.	Haiphong.	Cebu.	Puket.
Medan.		Hoilo.	

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.

BANKERS.—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER, Agent.

Esplanade Road,
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturday, 10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON

BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkong
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama.
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. D. SMART,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

INSURANCE

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,

LIMITED.

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

ESTABLISHED 1731.

FIRE, MARINE & ACCIDENT.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE Co., Ld.

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND

ESTABLISHED 1789.

FIRE & MARINE.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE Co., Ld.

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

WESTERN (MARINE) ASSURANCE COMPANY

INCORPORATED IN CANADA.

WORLD MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

As General Agents for the abov First Class English Offices we ar accepting.

Fire, ...arine and Accident business.

Applications for rates and terms will receive our prompt attention.

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,

General Agents.

GRAHAM'S BUILDING,

Fort.

THE TEXAS COMPANY

Incorporated in Texas (U. S. A.)

Petroleum and its Products.

KING'S BUILDINGS,

HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

The following high grade brands of Kerosene Oil imported in cases packed in Americe are ready for delivery:—

BRANDS		RATE.
Southern Star	150°	Rs. 7-9-0 per case
Unicorn	125°	Rs. 6-12-0 per case

Deliveries will be made free of charge to all buyers in Bombay.

For further particulars apply to

MR. ALLIMAHOMED FAZULBHOY.

Bhadak, Mandvi Post, BOMB...

WHOLESALE INDIGO DEALERS AND SUPPLIERS TO MILLS.

MESSRS. GIRDHARIDAS RADHAKISHENDAS.

Head Office: Barbhai Mohalla, Post No. 3.

BOMBAY.

Telegraphs: "GOODWILL" Telephone No. 2709.

BANKERS, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS AND EXPORTERS OF SEEDS, GROCERY, COTTON YARN, ETC., TO EGYPT, CYPRUS, ETC.

Branches: Madras, Karachi, Cawnpore, Shikarpur (Sind), Chaman (Baluchistan).

AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA.

HOTELS

ADMIRABLE SITUATION AT

NASIK ROAD

DEOLALI.

ENGLISH CLIMATE

ACCOMODATION CAN BE HAD AT

EMPRESS HOTEL.

FOR EUROPEAN FAMILIES

GYMKHANA CHARGES MODERATE.

SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52. Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF 50 TONS WHEAT (DELHI).

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 9th October, 1916, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. Ganpatray Kedarnath, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Umedram Motilal as per delivery order Nos. 4 and 5.

50 tons wheat (Delhi) as per contract of September Vayda, at Dana Bunder Musjid Siding Road in the godown of Messrs. Shivji Kooverji and Co.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 50 TONS WHEAT (DELHI).

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 9th October, 1916, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. Gopiram Ramchandra and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchasers, Messrs. Tarachand Basantlal as per receiving orders Nos. 2 and 15.

(1) 25 tons wheat (Delhi) as per contract, of September Vayda, at Dana Bunder Musjid Bridge Road in the godown of Messrs. Shivji Kooverji and Co.

(2) 25 tons wheat (Delhi) as per contract, of September Vayda, at Dana Bunder Musjid Siding Road in the godown of Messrs. Shivji Kooverji and Co.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY at KANDAWADI, GIRGAUM, WITHOUT THE FORT.

By order of and under instructions from Messrs. Hiralal and Co. for and on behalf of the owner, Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell the undermentioned property, by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of November, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land with the dwelling house thereon situate at Kandawadi in the Pattakwadi Oart in Girgaum, without the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 654 square yards and bounded on the East by the house standing in the name of Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy, Bart., and occupied by the family of the late Bhasker Pandurang, brother of Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, the house of Narayen Gouraji and the property of Raghunath Ganesh, on the West by a Gully or passage equally belonging to and being used by Dr. Atmaram Pandurang and Atmaram Vinayak Patker and beyond that by the property of Borah Ibrahim Nooroodin, on the North by the property of Atmaram Vinayek Patker and on the South by the Kandawadi Lane, bearing the Collector of Assessment Ward D. Nos. 899-895 (1) and Street Nos. 52, 54, 56 and the Collector of Land Revenue Old No. 521, New No. 2584, Old Survey No. 536 and New Survey No. 7823.

SECONDLY.—All the undivided share of the Vendor in all that piece of land situate in the said Oart admeasuring 96 6/9 square yards and bounded on the East by the property of Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, on the North by the property of Atmaram Vinayek Patker, on the West by the property of Vora Ibrahim Nooroodin and on the South by the Kandawadi Lane bearing the Collector of Assessment Ward D. No. 895 (1) 899 and Street Nos. 52, 54, 56 and the Collector of Land Revenue Old No. 531, New No. 2583, Old Survey No. 536 and New Survey No. 7822.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Hiralal and Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, No. 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th October, 1916

BUSINESS NOTICES

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postages. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES.

May be had on application to—

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,

"Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

A CURE for Leucoderma and patches of all descriptions and of any duration. Spots removed radically and permanently within two weeks on applying an external application of remedy with the help of rays concentration instrument. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. No harm, no pain. Two week's medicine and an instrument for Rs. 12 only. "SRI" WORKS, Beadon Square, Calcutta. 5520.

WANTED

WANTED.—GOOD SHORT-HAND TYPIST FOR Karachi. Terms on application to Messrs. FORBES, FORBES, CAMPBELL & Co., Ltd., Bombay. 5522

WANTED.—Two HALB PORTERS, one required for night duty. Only competent men with strong constitution need apply personally to the MANAGER, TAJ MAHAL HOTEL, between 9 and 12 a.m. 5516.

MASINA HOSPITAL, Bombay.—The post of MATRON & LADY SUPERINTENDENT OF NURSES will be vacant from the 1st December next. Salary commencing with Rs. 200 rising to Rs. 300 per mensem. Apply with copies of testimonials to the MANAGING TRUSTEE. Personal interview essential for final arrangements 5511.

WANTED—An intelligent GRADUATE to collect rent etc. Those who can furnish security for Rs. 5,000 need only apply in person to RAJA BAHADUR SHIVLAL MOTILAL, 14, Hummum St., Fort, between 2 and 4 p.m. (S.T.). 5500

WANTED—An UNDERGRADUATE in Persian for the Murud High School. Pay Rs. 40. Apply at once to the undersigned.

B. M. KHARKAR,
Dewan of Janjira.

Dewan's Office,
Murud-Janjira, 3rd October, 1916. 5505

WANTED—SOLE AGENT at Bombay for the sale fire-clay goods, such as fire bricks, fire-clay, scating-blocks, flue covers, etc., and glazed stoneware pipes dramage or sewerage pipe's, roofing and flooring tiles, etc., manufactured by the P. P. Co., Ltd.

Please apply stating terms of agency to the DIRECTORS, P. P. Co., Ltd., Jabbalpore. 5360

WANTED—Immediately a CASHIER on Rs. 70 p.m. with the security of Rs. 5,000 only in cash.

Wanted a MANAGER for Bombay office, who must have thorough experience in banking, exchange, and clearing and forwarding business with the knowledge of correspondence and recordkeeping.

Wanted a BANKING INSPECTOR to inspect the branches. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 215, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5123

REQUIRED—A PRIVATE SECRETARY, pay up to one thousand rupees and free quarters and conveyance.

Absolutely essential to possess thorough knowledge of English and Sanskrit. No one who does not possess these qualifications need apply. Applications must be accompanied with photographs (which will not be returned) and testimonials which must reach this office before 1st November. Apply to:—

RANJIT SINGH,
Ag. Private Secretary,
Alwar State.
5392

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two Steam Road Rollers, weight about eight tons, not much used. Apply to Post Box No. 232 "Bombay Chronicle." 5461

FOR SALE.—One WESTING HOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B. H. P. 460 Volts, 960/1100 R. P. M. complete with shunt regulator, and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1085

FOR SALE—2 seater 10-12 H. P. BELSIZE CAR newly painted, with dickey seat. Used 18 months. Price Rs. 3,000 or nearest offer. Apply to Box No. 242, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5494

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One 8 B. H. P. 460 Volts D. C. ELECTRIC MOTOR, in working order with switch and cut-outs. Two horizontal 18 inch. flour mills. Wadia's Motor Works, Opp. Government Docks, Fort. 5521.

ENGLISH DRAWING-ROOM entertainer offers secret of marvellous thought reading act, performed without skill. Price Rs. 2. Send 2 annas stamps for particulars of other tricks.

F. W. KEYS,
5518 112A, Brixton Road, London.

FOR SALE—If you have any second-hand Boilers, Steam Engines, Oil or Gas Engines, Engineering Plant and Tools, Water Tanks, etc., etc., that you wish to dispose of, you can do so by applying to Box No. 228, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5427

▲ WONDERFULLY CHEAP BARGAIN. —A Quad Royal Wharfdale PRINTING MACHINE costing before War Rs. 6,000, now more valuable, not easily procurable too, will go very cheap. Open to inspection.

A Simplex No. 100 CIGARETTE MACHINE is also for sale.

BUYERS WILL BE LUCKY INDEED. —To avoid disappointment, apply sharp to:—THE ORIENTAL TOBACCO MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patronised by H. H. The Maharajah of Mysore, G.C.S.I.,
5441 BOWRINGPET, S. INDIA.

TO BE LET

NEW Gamdevie Gowalia Tank, for Europeans or Parsis, upper floor, "BARRY VILLA" with garage. Apply Dr. GHASVALA, on premises. 5519.

TO BE LET.—"LA BONITA" on Warden Road, opposite the battery from November next. Apply to Mr. KESHAVJI RAMJI Luchmidas Mulji Jetha Market, Chowk, Bombay. 5370.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE have REMOVED our OFFICES and SHOW ROOM to No. 6, New Queen's Road.

HORMASJI SORABJI & SONS.
5399

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISERS are requested to note that the management cannot guarantee to insert advertisements in the "Bombay Chronicle" unless the copies reach this office before 6-0 p.m., (S. T.).

MANAGING DIRECTOR.
"Bombay Chronicle."

Bombay, 30th August, 1916.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that RATANSHAW FRAMJI UMRIGAR, PESTONJI RUSTOMJI UMRIGAR, and JAMASJI FRAMJI UMRIGAR all of Bombay Parsee inhabitants have contracted to sell to our clients AMTHABHAI GHELLABHAI and DAYABHAI GHELLABHAI the below mentioned property. All persons having any interest in or claim against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undermentioned attorneys for the purchasers at their office 121, Medows Street Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default the sale will be completed after expiration of the said period without reference to the claims if any of which no notice shall have been so received and all such claims if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground (the pension and tax whereon has been redeemed on twenty-fourth September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine) together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses and chawl standing thereon situate lying and being on the west side of Jagjiwan Kika Street without the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurements 220 8/9 two hundred and twenty and eight ninths square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 732 New No. 3349 Old Survey No. 8 and New Survey No. 582 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the said Jagjiwan Kika Street, on or towards the West by the property of Thakoredas Jagjiwandas or towards the North by a passage, on or towards the South by a Gally or passage half of which is appurtenant to the premises hereby conveyed and the other half to the house of Shreenathji Maharaj which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 5710 and Street No. 108 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Rustomji Pestonji Umrigar.

Dated this 7th day of October, 1916.

MOTICHAND AND DEVIDAS,
5523 Purchasers' Attorneys.

NOTICE.

AN immoveable property situate at Thakurdwar Road, near Khumbhar Tukda, outside the Fort Bombay is FOR SALE. Written offers are invited and should be sent to the undersigned. Intending purchasers may also apply to or personally see the undersigned at their office at No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, where any information desired in the matter will be given.

Dated this 2nd day of October, 1916.

EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO.,
Solicitors, High Court.
5490

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Bai GANGABAI, widow of THAKAR RAVJI LAKHMIDAS has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the bungalow, Chawl or buildings standing thereon situate lying and being at Ghod Bunder Road Borivli, Tapa Malad Taluka Salsette, District Thana containing by admeasurement 1164 square yards or thereabouts, bearing No. 35 and bounded as follows:—

On or towards the East by the property of Ghondnath Raghunath Khote, on or towards the West by the Ghod Bunder Road, on or towards the North by the Bagayat Land of Haridas Ramdas Bhanji and on or towards the South by a piece of land belonging to Sheth Purshotam Rupsingh.

All persons having any claim against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known is writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 1, Hummum Street, Fort Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

Dated this 7th day of October, 1916.

SOONDERDAS & CO.,
5517 Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

10, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, (fetching good interest), at British Hotel Lane, opposite Messrs. Lipton's, Ltd., in Apollo Street, Fort.

Under instructions from S. N. Gazder, Esq., the Liquidator of Messrs. Treacher and Co., Ltd. (in liquidation), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of October, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), the following valuable landed property on the premises.

PARTICULARS.—All that piece of quit and ground rent tenure, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 9 and 106, New Nos. 4832 and 4952, admeasuring about 1,575 square yards and situate at 25, 29, 31, 33 and 35, British Hotel Lane, Apollo Street, Fort, and consisting of two separate buildings, one of which consists of a ground and first floor and is let for Rs. 6,000 per year to Messrs. Duke and Sons, and the other is consisted of a three-storied building, which is likely to realise an amount of about Rs. 8,000 per year and is at present occupied by the said Company.

Offers will be received for either buildings separately of for the whole property on or before the 15th October, 1916, by the said Liquidator, at the Office of the Company, in British Hotel Lane, Apollo Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th October, 1916.

MESSRS. SORABJI COWASJI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

21, Medows Street.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th October, 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Room, the following:—

By order of Mr. Dwarkadas Gungadas, the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Bhaidas Vullabhdas, the Mortgagor:—

14 pearl bangles, 2 pearl bracelets, 1 pearl armlet and 2 pearl necklaces.

By order of the concerned:—

65 dozen soft collars.

A consignment of 6 cases crockery consisting of tea and coffee sets, tea and coffee cups and saucers, sweet dishes, fruit plates, table plates of different sizes and in various patterns, etc.

1 case umbrella handles and walking sticks.

Miscellaneous.—2 travelling tents, Oliver and Williams typewriters, a lot of medical books, etc.

SORABJI COWASJI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th October, 1916.

MENESSE & CO.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 10th October, 1916, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street No. 126, 109-111; Case No. 92, 130, 1st Nowroji Hill Road, 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).

Building Street No. 112; Case No. 85, East Agripada.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th October, 1916.

AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

Bombay's Leading Theatre.
6-30 Twice Nightly 9-45 p.m.

For the first time in Bombay New Bandman Varieties by the Last Mail

FRANK WILLATS AND LOTTIE POOLE

in a Revuette "BITES & PIECES" introducing Musical Numbers, Dancing and Eccentricities.

"THE OATH OF PROTEA"

another Version of this extraordinary series featuring the beautiful and daring

MDSLLE. ANDRIOT

In a PROLOGUE AND 3 ACTS shown for the first time on any screen.

NEXT SATURDAY OCTOBER 14TH

Maurice E. Bandman has the honour to announce the presentation of

H. M. GOVERNMENT WAR FILMS,

Under the gracious patronage of their Majesties the King and Queen and H. E. the Viceroy of India.

"BRITAIN PREPARED"

Taken under authority of the WAR OFFICE, the ADMIRALTY and the MINISTRY OF MUNITIONS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Bombay's Leading Theatre.

Commencing Wednesday, Oct. 18th.

and every evenidg at 9-30 p.m.

Maurice E. Bandman presents

THE

BANDMAN OPERA COMPANY

Wednesday 18th	"TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT"
Thursday 19th	"GRUMPY"
Friday 20th	"THE ONLY GIRL"
Saturday 21st	"THE CINEMA STAR"
Special Matinee	
Sunday 22nd	"THE CINEMA STAR"
Monday 23rd	"THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME"
Tuesday 24th	"BETTY"
Wednesday 25th	"CHARLIES AUNT"

Original Version as played by W. S. PENLEY.

Prices, Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2, 1.

Matinees 3, 2, 1 and 3 annas.

PLAN AT ROSE & Co.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

HOME OF SELECT CINEMA.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.

GREAT SUCCESS OF THE NEW PROGRAMME:

Shakespeare's Greatest Comedy,

"THE TAMING OF THE SHREW."

This amusing story shows how Petruchio tamed his fiery bride Katherine and made her a model of love and obedience. The scenes are laid in Italy and the film is appropriately made by the formost Italian Company, Ambrosio.

GORGEOUS DRESSES:

BEAUTIFUL ITALIAN SCENERY:

MASTERLY ACTING.

GREAT ROYAL OPERA HOUSE EXCLUSIVE.

"SON O' THE STARS."

A powerful Drama of the Far West. Featuring J. WARREN KERRIGAN (Terrence O'Rourke) in the leading part.

This is a story of a child's tragic loss of his parents, his upbringing by an Indian, and his stormy but successful love affair. This is one of the Universal's finest Open-air Dramas.

"THE TALE OF A TELEGRAM."

The comic story of two cousins who are partners in business, but rivals in love. A clever ruse helps Tom to beat Bill in the race to marry Lillian.

Also last mail's

PATHE GAZETTE.

THE BEST THEATRICAL ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices: Re. 1/8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 & 4, Box seats Rs. 2.

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

GRANT ALLEN'S FAMOUS NOVEL in 5 Reels.

THE WOMAN WHO DID

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BIGGEST DRAW OF THE SEASON. ALREADY SEEN BY THOUSANDS.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE IT.

THRICE NIGHTLY, 7, 8-45, 10-30.

POPULAR PRICES OF ADMISSION: Re. 1, As. 8, 6, 4, 2.

COMPLETE NOVEL. PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

SATURDAY NEXT.

"CIRCUS OF DEATH"

SENSATION OF THE SEASON.

Slightly Advanced Prices: Rs. 1-8 to As. 3.

LAST WORD IN SENSATIONALISM

6,000 Feet, 5 Reels.

Illustrated booklet can be had at the theatre price anna one.

WEATHER REPOR

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 8.

Rainfall diminished except in south of the Peninsula. Rainfall has been nearly general in Chota Nagpur, Mysore; local in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, and south-east Madras. A few falls also occurred in Burma.

The chief amounts are:—Akyab two inches: Myitkyina four; Silchar one; Chittagong three; Darjeeling and Cherrapunji one and a half; Darbhanga, Bangalore and Mysore two; Mercara one.

Forecast:—Further decrease of rainfall in north-east India.

HEAVY RAINS IN CENTRAL INDIA.

RAILWAY LINES BREACHED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 7.

Owing to heavy rain the line has been flooded and breached between Nainpur and Keolaree stations on the narrow gauge of the Bengal Nagpur Railway Satpura Extension, and 400 feet of the embankment has been washed away at mile 796. Transhipment of passengers is being carried out and it is hoped to have through communication restored within a few days. Goods booking has been suspended.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 6th Oct. 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.827 Inch
Temperature of Air	80.8 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.6 ,,
Dew Point	73.1 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.831 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky Cloudy—10)	7.0 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	84.7 ,,
Minimum ... do. ... do.	77.0 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W, WSW, W.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	126 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.31 Inch.
Total fall during month	8.74 ,,
Do. do. year	81.28 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 7th	0.00 ,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.
	Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.	Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.
Sat.	13	m 8 0	26 6	7	m 1 14	18 3
		8 20a	25 7		2 26a	18 4
Sun.	7	m 8 53	27 2	8	m 2 20	17 10
		9 21a	26 10		3 9a	17 1
Mon.	8	m 9 30	27 7	9	m 3 15	17 5
		10 12a	28 0		3 48a	15 11
Tues.	9	m 10 20	27 11	10	m 4 3	17 2
		10 58a	28 10		4 23a	15 1
Wed.	10	m 10 57	27 11	11	m 4 46	17 8
		11 37a	29 3		5 6a	14 7
Thur.	11	m 11 32	27 9	12	m 5 27	17 5
		0 17	29 3		5 34a	14 6
Fri.	12	m 0 0	27 3	13	m 6 7	17 10
		6a			6 7a	14 9

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Oct.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
,, 7 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 31m.	,, 6h. 23m
,, 8 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 31m.	,, 6h. 22m
,, 9 (Monday)	,, 6h. 31m.	,, 6h. 21m.
,, 10 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 31m.	,, 6h. 20m
,, 11 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 32m.	,, 6h. 19m
,, 12 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 32m.	,, 6h. 18m
,, 13 (Friday)	,, 6h. 32m.	,, 6h. 18m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quarter	1916 Oct.	4, 4h. 30m., 5m. p.m.
Full Moon	,, ,,	11, 6h. 31m., 1m. p.m.
Last Quarter	,, ,,	19, 6h. 38m., 7m. a.m.
New Moon	,, ,,	27, 2h. 7m., 0m. a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at hours on Saturday, the 7th October 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Hissar reports 0.34 in. of rain. Skies are generally clear. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect in the north and the east Punjab; night temperature is generally in excess.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Cawnpore has had 0.50 in. and Allahabad 0.17 in. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature continues in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is generally damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect in Rajputana; night temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.35 in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect except at the coast stations in Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Jabbulpore reports 0.10 in. of rain and Hoshangabad 0.31 in. Skies are lightly clouded. The air is generally damper than usual. Day temperature continues in defect.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri records 0.20 in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Night temperature is generally in defect in the Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Weather has become settled. There has been a considerable decrease of rainfall over the whole reporting area. Local rain has fallen in the United Provinces and the northern half of the Central Provinces, and a few showers in the Punjab, Gujarat and the Konkan.

A few showers may occur in the extreme south and the Konkan.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on SATURDAY, the 7th of October 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (6th Oct.)	87.2	72.4	38	..	0	—0.01
Jask	89.1	75.8	98	..	0.29	0.23
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	101.6	74.1	89	..	4.77	0.04
Rawalpindi	87.3	69.0	89	..	38.71	16.16
Lahore	89.8	73.3	82	..	25.66	8.57
Risser	91.6	70.3	77	0 34	19.49	..
Ambala	89.7	73.1	81	..	37.98	14.48
Delhi	89.4	73.0	75	0.01	27.70	4.22
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	85.7	72.9	70	0.09	29.35	4.78
Mainpuri	85.3	71.1	79	..	23.18	9.23
Jhansi	86.8	71.2	80	..	40.66	10.70
Cawnpore	89.4	74.1	84	0.50	49.20	16.13
Allahabad	84.1	73.5	89	0.17	61.10	25.92
SIND AND RAJPUTANA	103.1	74.6	74	..	3.17	0.81
Jacobabad	95.8	7.6	77	..	21.07	15.56
Karachi	82.2	70.6	74	..	27.27	8.36
Ajmer	87.3	7.5	74	..	25.23	1.46
Jaipur	87.8	74.2	92	..	43.64	16.87
Kotah	89.3	69.0	98	..	62.43	24.70
Mount Abu	..	..	..	..	..	..
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	90.0	72.7	72	..	12.92	—0.40
Dwarka	84.6	78.8	79	..	11.10	—2.59
Veraval	89.6	78.4	81	..	25.56	6.49
Rajkot	93.1	67.2	73	..	24.28	—1.31
Bhavnagar Para	90.4	71.4	78	..	19.48	—0.40
Surat	85.4	71.7	88	0.35	52.66	12.82
Ahmedabad	92.2	72.9	78	..	24.28	—4.54
Deesa	91.0	70.1	80	..	24.89	1.67
Neemuch	83.1	69.4	80	0.43	38.48	11.61
Indore	82.7	67.5	86	0.12	39.18	8.41
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	80.5	70.3	84	0.10	52.49	1.28
Saugor	82.0	67.8	87	0.10	40.17	—2.51
Hoshangabad	84.1	69.8	86	0.31	44.39	8.36
Khandwa	81.9	68.3	84	..	4.87	7.08
Akola	86.3	70.3	76	..	38.39	9.48
Amraoti	84.6	69.1	84	..	41.71	12.03
Nagpur	85.6	70.0	82	..	51.94	8.11
Chanda	88.1	72.0	82	..	54.22	6.07
Raipur	84.9	73..	89	..	36.65	—8.05
KONKAN—						
Bombay	84.1	77.2	89	0.0	81.17	11.72
Ratnagiri	84.6	73.3	84	0.20	13277	35.73
Marmugao	85.3	74.1	90	0.08	11340	28.79
Karwar	84.4	71.2	96	..	12892	15.12
BOMBAY DACCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	92.7	65.9	74	..	20.56	0.78
Ahmednagar	87.6	60.7	77	..	24.04	5.24
Poona	85.4	63.6	88	..	20.30	—1.46
Sholapur	88.2	67.3	72	..	31.42	7.39
Bijapur	89.3	64.6	67	..	19.13	3.15
Belgaum	81.5	59.9	80	..	33.45	—6.35
Aurangabad	86.4	65.4	82	..	41.50	16.91
Nizamabad(Indur)	90.1	69.9	73	..	32.08	—4.41
Hyderabad	89.5	68.3	79	..	36.66	11.89
MALABAR AND CEYLON	85.2	73.5	78	..	10302	—7.18
Mangalore	86.6	74.8	95	..	86.55	—7.07
Calicut	87.2	76.2	80	..	82.41	7.61
Cochin	85.3	75.7	95	0.03	90.53	7.68
Colombo	..	..	..	..	..	..
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	89.3	79.2	84	..	42.82	18.56
Bellary	91.1	72.5	67	..	16.04	4.17
Cuddapah	93.3	77.4	69	..	30.45	9.65
Madras	88.4	78.4	81	0.01	14.49	—3.28
Bangalore	89.2	67.0	73	..	28.37	6.99
Coimbatore	89.6	71.4	83	..	11.04	4.95
Trichinopoly	92.7	77.2	79	..	19.37	6.35
Negapatam	94.6	78.8	81	..	17.16	5.63

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 7th October 1916 was 30.024 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decrease by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

(Daily Edition.)

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS

Owing to the continued increase in the cost of materials, we have been compelled to increase the subscription rates from September 1st, payable strictly in advance, as follows:—

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(INCLUDING DELIVERY.)

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Yearly	20	0
Half-yearly	10	0
Quarterly	5	0
Monthly	2	0

MOFUSSIL.
(INCLUDING POSTAGE.)

	Rs.	as.
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Half-yearly	12	8
Quarterly	6	4
Monthly	2	8

SUNDAY EDITION.

LOCAL AND MOFUSSIL.

	Rs.	as.
Yearly	5	0
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The subscriptions of the "Bombay Chronicle" still remain lower than that of any other English daily paper in Western India.

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Messrs. M. T. MADON & Co., Chemists,

beg to announce the public that they are the Sole Agents and Wholesale and Retail distributors of the following world-renowned remedies :—

Dr. McPhael's Nervo-Vitalo Pills

The world's greatest tonic. The most powerful pick-me-up and a permanent cure for Paralysis and other nervous diseases. It is an established fact that these pills are compoundedof the best harmless drugs in the world and guaranteed to possess what they claim to be. If proved failure, money refunded after a complete course trial.

Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, Depressive feelings, Bloodlessness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Rheumatism, and such other Nervous diseases are guaranteed to be cured in six bottles.

Try a course. PRICE Rs. 3 per bottle, three for 8/4 and six for Rs. 15.

Dr. Carl's Ague Specific.
The best cure for Malaria and Ague, Plague and other Fevers. Try a bottle. As. 12 per bottle.

Throatlets.
The original antiseptic, stimulating and expectorant throat, chest and lung lozenges for coughs, colds, and asthma. Price As. 12 per bottle.

Stanley's Nervitogen.
The greatest of all tonic syrups. Has no equal for low vitality, run-down feeling and anaemia. Rs. 2 per bottle.

Rhamnine.
The Ideal Laxative. Best for dyspepsia, sluggish and torpid liver. Try a bottle. Re. 1.

Tropical Pills.
Formula of Dr. Plateau of Paris. The finest tonic for ladies. The best cure for all the complaints special to ladies; and no one should be without it. Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

The abovementioned world-renowned remedies are obtainable from all Chemists in India or from Sole Agents :

M. T. MADON & Co.,

24-26, Abdul Rehman Street, Crawford Market, Bombay. Telephone No. 2628.
Catalogues sent free on 3 annas Postage.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

Liverpool, Oct 6th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	6,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	600
" " Sales of East Indian	50
" " Imports	4,000
Mid. Americans	9.93
Egyptian F. G. F.	15.05
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) Jan	16.94
Mar.	17.10
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan.	16.55
Mar.	16.77

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 6th.

Months	To-day's closing price
October	9.80—4
Oct.-Nov.	9.79—3
Nov.-Dec.	9.78—3
Dec.-Jan.	9.79—3
Jan.-Feb.	9.80—4
Feb.-March	9.82—4
March-April	9.84—4
April-May	9.85—4
May-June	9.86—4
June-July	9.84—4
July Aug.	9.83—3
Aug-Sept	9.66—4

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 6th.

Months	To-day's price
January	14.80+39
March	14.86+28
May	14.86+31

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, Oct. 6th.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	3,000
" Forwarded	99,000
" Imports	92,000
" Stock	563,000
Actual Weekly Sales	46,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 6th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	58,000
" Exports to Great Britain	24,000
" " to Continent	3,000
Futures at New York January	16.97—10
" " March	17.14— 9
Spot Cotton at New York	17.00+ 5
" " New Orleans	16.19+ 6
Futures at New Orleans January	16.61— 1
" " March	16.83— 2
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9½
Demand Bills	4.75.70
Silver Commercial Bars	68½

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports	335,000
" Exports to Great Britain	98,000
" " to France and Continent	72,000
" " to Japan	13,000
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports	932,000
" " at Interior Ports	793,000

New York, Oct. 7th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	48,000
Futures at New York January	17.22
" " March	17.37
Spot Cotton at New York	17.10
" " Orleans	16.19

PARISIAN DAIRY CO., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 668

Futures at New Orleans January	16.80
" " March	17.02

MONEY MARKET.

London, Oct. 6th.

Bar Silver Spot	32 1/2
Closing Tone of Silver :—Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 6 per cent. since 13th July.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5⅝
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5⅝
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	6
" " " 6 "	6⅛
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4-
Consols 2½%	50⅛
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	50½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	69½
Government Securities 3%	59½
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	27.80

London, Oct. 7th.

Bar Silver Spot	32⅛

WAR LOANS.

London, Oct. 6th.

3½ %1925—1928	£85⅝
4½ %1925—1945	£98½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Oct. 6th.

WHEAT

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. Sept.-Oct. Paid	72/9

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—62 lbs. Oct. Sellers	71

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley Oct.-Nov. Sellers	49/6

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore Usual Bold. Nominal.
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Oct.-Nov. Sellers 68/9
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Oct.-Nov. Sellers 85
Toria Rapeseed Oct.-Nov. Buyers 71

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Oct.-Nov. Sellers	82/3

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£142
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal.	£120½
Copper Braziers	£163
Yellow Metal	15½
Hard Spelter	43½
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool	£26-5-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie	£6-4-6

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec.	21/4½
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec.	21/7½
Do. Karachi Oct.-Dec.	21/8½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec	24/1½
Do. do. Bombay Oct.-Dec.	24/4½
Do. do. Karachi Oct.-Dec.	24/5½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Oct. Buyers	3/1½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Oct.	2/5

HEALTHY HAIR HINTS.

The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

In fact many learned men use Kaminia Oil to prevent their hair from coming out.

They are succeeding with it, too.

So are many in all stages of intellectuality.

Available everywhere but it must be Kaminia Oil.

GREAT ATTRACTION

ON

Hornby Road.

THE PROPRIETORS OF

"CHINA AND LAMP-WARE SHOW-ROOM"

which has lately being opened at 239, Hornby Road, next to Bessho & Co., respectfully invite Ladies and Gentlemen to visit their show-room. Some exceptionally rare articles, in beautiful Fancy Dinner and Tea-sets, Glass, Cutlery, Lamps, Alluminium and enamel-ware, Toys, and above all very rich Plated-ware from best English Manufacturers are presented to the public at

PRICES EXTREMELY MODERATE.

We are already patronised by many Ladies and Gentlemen.

ESTD. 1877.

RAMJI BHAGWAN & BROS.,

GOLDSMITHS AND JEWELLERS,
209, SHAIK MEMON St., BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE No. 674. TELEGRAMS :—MUFFCHAIN.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 6th October 1916 :—

Cotton	806 Bales.
Wheat	10,026 cwts.
Linseed	10,813 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	1,753 "
Gingellyseed	2,409 "
Poppyseed	1,009 "
Groundnuts	2,738 "
Castorseed	906 "
Rice	5,247 "
Myrabollams	257 "
Cottonseed	268 "
Mowraseed	22 "
Gram	34 "
Joowar	2,013 "
Maize	30 "
Barley	325 "

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates :—	
T. T. Ready	1s. 4 3-32d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 4 1/8d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 4 1/8d. Nov.
Banks' Buying Rates :—	
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 7-16d.
Do. do. Forward	1s. 4 15-32d. Oct.
Do. 6 m-s, Ready	1s. 4 23-32d.
Francs 3 m-s. do.	192½
60 d-s Hong-Kong	160½
Do. Shanghai	226⅝
Do. Yokohama	155½

BULLION

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	27-0-0
Australian do.	26-0-0
Bombay do.	25-8-0
English Shield Sovereigns	17-0-0
English Dragons	16-0-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	82-4-0

SUGAR MARKET REPORT

(From our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Oct. 7.

We have no change to report in our market which ruled quiet throughout the week with limited demand and large arrivals and prices for ready and forward remain easier. Small parcels are changing hands amongst dealers in White Java T.M.O. for September at 23s. 6d, October 24s. and October-December 24s. 4d. to 24s. 6d. all Free Bombay Harbour. Home and Java markets report quiet market with scarcity of tonnage and there is no fresh business to report. Report from Mauritius says there are sellers for White syrups but sellers are asking very high prices and business is quite impossible for the present.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks :—

T.M.O. Rs. 19-9-0 eq. 23s. 5d. F. B. Harbour stocks 215,000 bags.

16/18 Rs. 18-0-0 eq. 21s. 5d. F. B. Harbour stocks 30,000 bags.

Soft Rs. 19-8-0 eq. 23s. 2d. F. B. Harbour stocks 20,000 bags.

Mauritius no stocks.

Arrivals :—

S.S. Jehangir with 45,000 bags Java Sugar.

S.S. Ranee with 72,000 bags Java Sugar.

VALUE OF AMERICAN 1915 COTTON CROP.

The total value of the United States commercial cotton crop, exclusive of the seed, for the year ending July 31 was $765,700,560, compared with $593,432,978 the previous year and $977,844,113 for 1913-14, according to the annual report of H. G. Hester, secretary of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange. Including the seed obtained, the total value of the year's crop was placed at $958,200,000.

The world's takings of American cotton for the year was announced at 14,271,000 bales, compared with 13,519,000 bales the preceding season. It was a record year for Southern mills takings, placed at 4,047,000 bales, as well as for Japanese, Chinese and East Indian mill takings, which totaled 505,000 bales.

PAPER MADE FROM COTTON STALKS.

According to a Berlin message dated July 30, the royal material testing office at Gross Litcherfelden, a suburb of Berlin, announces the discovery that paper can be manufactured from cotton stalks. The discovery is not considered of much importance for Germany, which produces no cotton, but is pointed to as of vast importance to the United States, the greatest producer of cotton in the world, because of the shortage of paper reported in that country. The discovery was made, it is stated, by a German institution while carrying out a commission for an Egyptian firm, given before the war. A shipment of stalks which had arrived from Egypt before the opening of hostilities was used for the experiments.

The stalks were cut and ground, boiled and bleached, and the papermaking then proceeded after the usual methods. The result caused the testing office to arrive at the decision that cotton stalks are a good material for making paper.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 7th.

Itola	Babb	Rangoon Sept. 22
Berbera	Steadman	Karachi, Oct. 5
Aviemoor	Williams	Moulmein, Sept. 16

Oct. 7th.

City of Calcutta	Rigby	New York, Aug. 15

Oct. 8th.

Linga	Cutbush	Karachi, Oct. 6

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 7th.

Vinstra	Neilson	Calcutta

The following vessels began to load on Saturday.

Steamer	*Beme	for	Rangoon
"	Montebello	for	Hull
"	Berbera	for	Genoa

*To arrive.

Oct. 7.

S. S. Yamagata Maru :—The N. Y. K. steamer Yamagata Maru left Kobe for Bombay direct on the 6th instant, and is due here on 28th October.

S. S Penang Maru :—The N. Y. K. steamer Penang Maru left Singapore for Colombo (Westward bound) on the 5th instant.

S. S. Yeboshi Maru :—The N. Y. K. steamer Yeboshi Maru left Singapore for Bombay direct on the 6th instant, and is due here on the 18th instant.

S. S. Indo Maru :—The O. S. K. steamer Indo Maru (Homeward bound) arrived at Kobe on the 4th instant.

S. S. Kasato Maru :—The O. S. K. steamer Kasato Maru left Kobe for Bombay via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo on the 5th instant.

S. S. City of Paris :—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Paris left Liverpool (outward bound) on the afternoon of the 4th instant.

S. S. Itola :—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Itola, 3,401 tons, Captain T. Babb, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Rangoon, which port she had left on the 22nd ultimo, with a general cargo and rice and 31 passengers.

S. S. Berbera :—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Berbera, 2,791 tons, Captain W. R. Steadman, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, which port she had left on the 5th instant, with a general cargo.

S. S. Vinstra :—The steamer Vinstra, 2,932 tons, Captain O. Neilson, sailed on Saturday from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with same bottom cargo.

S. S. Aviemoor :—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Aviemoor, 2,382 tons, Captain C. F. Williams, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Moulmein, which port she had left on the 16th ultimo, with a cargo of timber.

S. S. Linga :—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain H. M. Cutbush, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi which port she had left on the 6th instant, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. City of Calcutta :—The steamer City of Calcutta, 7,635 tons, Captain H. V. Rigby, arrived in harbour on Saturday from New York, which port she had left on the 15th August, with a general cargo and passengers.

Saturday, 7th October, 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B. Montebello	Andrew J. F. & Co
C. & R. Clan Fraser	Marson J. F. & Co
D. & E. Marandi Inglesi	T. M. & Co
F. Chakla	M. M. & Co
P. Banyei Maru	Tomozawa N. Y. K.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Aviemoor	M. M. & Co
2 Ranee	Berry T. M. & Co
4 Zayanee	Ookerji H. S. Shostree
5 Bandia Maru	M. M. Shirazi
9 Jehangir	Lewis T. M. & Co
10 & 11 Frankenfels	W. & A. G. & Co
13 Standard	M. M. Shirazi.

H. D. D.

Tug Harold	H. I. Dixon & Co

M. W. D. D.

Sarasvati	B. S. N. Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Karoa	Handcock	M. M. & Co
5 Rheinfels		W. & A. G. & Co
6 Khiva	Potter	P. & O. S. N. Co
15 Taisho Maru	Yamata	

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Berbera	Steadman	M. M. & Co
Baroda		M. M. & Co
Diu	Pallett	W. & A. G. & Co
Flor-de-Dia	Aboo	Bhimji
Itola	Babb	M. M. & Co
Montebello	Andrew	J. F. & Co
Nursal	Thomsen	B. & P. S. N. Co
Pundua	Andreason	M. M. & Co
Rooke	Sura	W. & A. G. & Co
Upada	Butler	M. M. & Co
Virawa	Hepburn	M. M. & Co

EXPORTS.

Oct. 7.

FOR LONDON.

Khiva (s) 53 bales woollen carpets, King King and Co.; 103 tons cotton seed oil cake, L. and F. Barraclough and Co.; 600 cwts. sandalwood chips, F. F. Campbell and Co.; 250 cwts. kismiss, T. Canji and Co.; 420 cwts. mustard seed, D. Veljee; 6,000 cwts. wheat, Ralli Brothers.

Karmala (s) 4,000 cwts. linseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR NORWAY VIA LONDON.

Khiva (s) 224 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR NEW YORK.

Khiva (s) 1 bale woollen carpets, King King and Co.; 630 cwts. gum kadaya, N. Moolji and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Frankenfels (s) 166 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 3,000 cwts. poppy seed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HULL.

Montebello (s) 1,209 tons manganese ore, James Finlay and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Marondio Inglassi (s) 1,000 bales cotton, K. Devchand and Co.; 326 cwts. cashewnuts, R. Jeewandas and Co.

FOR MIDDLESBOROUGH.

Berbera (s) 1,000 tons manganese ore, James Finlay and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Banyei Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, S. Nathobhai and Co.; 500 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Banyei Maru (s) 525 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Malta (s) 500 bales cotton twist, I. David; 300 bales cotton twist, A. E. J. Abraham; 160 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David and Co.; 18 cwts. indigo M. Saidahamed and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Malta (s) 1,700 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David and Co.; 60 cwts. jardaloo, S. C. Verseo and Sons.

IMPORTS.

Oct. 7.

S. S. Berbera from Karachi, Agents M. M. and Co.—15 bags indigo.

S. S. Chakla from Busreh, Agents M. M. and Co.—38 bundles skins, 1 bundle wool, 21 tins pearls, 12 bundles salted fish, 696 bags sardines, 83 cases pomegranates, 551 packages mat tapes, 1 bundle carpets, 8 bags old copper, 160 cases ghee, 939 boxes 5 crates 4,638 bags 4,000 baskets dates.

S. S. Montebello from Hull, Agents James Finlay and Co.—600 drums carbide, 2 cases boots, 14 crates earthen jars, 2 casks sulphur black paste, 8 drums Calcium chloride, 751 barrels alum, 10 casks 910 drums disinfectant, 17 cases 7 bales paper, 4 cases belting, 560 drums 99 cases varnish, 1 case plumbago blocks, 72 cases grease, 254 cases 34 barrels oil, 5 drums aniline oil, 8 casks alizarine paste, 32 cases 100 casks colour, 4 cases cotton lace goods, 20 casks ultra marine blue, 100 drums linseed oil, 15 cases 2,518 kegs paint.

Men with experience of Hot Climates know the folly of overheating the system.
Spirits and Wines have this tendency. Horlick's Malted Milk cools the body : it helps Nature to recuperate the whole system.
Horlick's Malted Milk
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
is a food-drink and is made in a moment. In 3 sizes. Of all Stores and Bazaars. No advance in prices.

SQUIBB'S

AGUE SPECIFIC.

THE SOVEREIGN REMEDY FOR

MALARIA AND FEVERS.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

MADON SONS & Co., Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

NERVOUSNESS AND INSOMNIA

are symptoms of nerve irritation, often the result of OVER-WORK, ANXIETY, OVER-STUDY, MENTAL ANXIETY, and excesses of eating, drinking, or bodily abuses.

HUXLEY'S "Ner-Vigor"

A syrup of acid glycero-phosphates rich in organic phosphates, which after absorption into the blood, build up cell life and help to restore mental equilibrium, muscular vigour, and reinforced nerve power.

Original Bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.

ANGLO-AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL Co., Ltd., London, London.

K. WADIA, Diamond Merchant,

PURE GEMS, MODERATE RATES, FRENCH MELLEGRAIN SETTING.

PLATINUM AND GOLD ART WORK, GRANT ROAD.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Mahomedan: 11th of Jelhaz, 1334.
Hindu: 13th of Aswin Sud, 1972.
Parsi: 29th of Farvardin, 1286.
Sunrise: 6h. 31m.; Sunset: 6h. 21m.
Phase of the Moon: Full Moon 11th Oct.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Fort Press Co. Ltd. Meeting, 3 p.m.

Their Excellencies leave Victoria Terminus at 2-15 p.m. for Simla.

Finals for the Bombay High Schools Athletic Association Harris Shield Cricket Matches Robert Money School vs. The St. Xavier's on the Oval, 10-30 to 5-30, plot No. 3.

TUESDAY, October 10.

Finals for the Bombay High Schools Athletic Association Harris Shield Cricket Matches, Robert Money School vs. The St. Xavier's on the Oval, 10-30 to 5-30, plot No. 3.

Improvement Trust Meeting, 4 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, October 11.

Mazagaon Police Court: Before Second Presidency Magistrate: Persian Girl Abduction Case, 3-30 p.m.

Standing Committee Meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, 4-10 p.m.

The English mail per steamer Karmala will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p.m. Registered letters will be received up to 2 p.m. and parcels up to 1 p.m.

Sun Mills Company, Ltd., Ordinary General Meeting, Churchgate Street, Fort, 4-30 p.m

Society of Professional Accountants: First Annual General Meeting, Graham's Building, Fort, 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, October 12.

Presidency Mills Company, Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting, Marine Street, Fort, 3-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: Cinema and Bandmann Varities at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.

Royal Opera House: Cinema, 6-45 p.m. and 10-30 p.m.

America-India Cinema, Charni Road, 6-45 8-15, 8-30 to 10-0, and 10-15 to 11-45.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 6-30, 8-45 10 p.m.

1ST TROOP BOMBAY BADEN POWELL BOY SCOUTS.

Orders for the week ending October, 15th 1916—

Wednesday 11th:—Uniform parade on the Oval for Instruction in tent-pitching. Compulsory towards efficiency.

Thursday 12:—Bugle practice at 6 p.m. on beach. All scouts possessing bugles will please attend.

Saturday 14th:—Plain clothes parade on Oval at 5 p.m., Physical exercises, towards efficiency.

Badges:—Scouts wishing to be examined in Master-at-Arms badge will kindly communicate with A/S/M.

Uniform:—New shoulder knots and tabs are to be worn with effect from date, and scouts hats to be worn on evening parades.

ALFRED G. FOOX.
A/S/M in charge,
1st Troop Bombay Baden Powell Boy Scouts.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut-Colonel Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.D.C., Commanding.

October, 9.

Orderly N. C. Officers for the week ending 14th October 1916:—

Sergeant C. H. Partridge and Corporal Robert Graham.

Riding School.—Riding School daily except Thursday for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts 7-15 a.m.

Squadron Parade.—The Squadron will parade on Thursday morning next, the 12th instant, Rendezvous Church Gate Station 7-15 a.m.

Dress.—Drill order, khaki shirts, Rifles, swords and bandoliers.

Issue of Arms.—Members are requested to draw their arms from Headquarters any day between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Corps Meeting.—There will be a meeting of the Officers, N. C. Officers and members of the Corps at the "Times of India" office at 6 p.m. on Wednesday next, the 11th inst.

F. C. ANNESLEY, 2nd Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by the Hon. Lieut-Col. J. S. Wardlaw-Milne Commanding,

October, 7.

No. 322. DUTIES.—

Duties for the week commencing Monday 9th instant:—

Orderly Officer for the ensuing week 2nd Lieut H G Weber.

Orderly Officer next for duty 2nd Lieut W. N. Cartland.

Orderly Sergt. No. 1 Company Sergt. C. B. Banks.

Orderly Sergt. No. 2 Company Sergt. E. A. Sheeren.

Orderly Sergt. E. E. Company Sergt. F. Power.

No. 324. PARADES:—

Signallers will parade as follows:—

Tuesday 10th instant at 6 p.m. at Church Gate Station.

Friday 13th instant at 7 a.m. at Church Gate Station.

THERE WILL BE NO SHOOT ON SUNDAY THE 8TH INSTANT.

No. 323. LEAVE:—

The undermentioned have been granted leave of absence as stated below:—

Lieut W. Dunkerley, E. E. Company, B.V.A., from 5-10-16 to 5-11-16 both days inclusive.

Bombr. Beesley J. No. 1 Coy. B.V.A. from 11-10-16 to 29-10-16 both days inclusive.

P. H. RETALLACK, Capt.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

NOTICES:—

There will be an entertainment committee meeting on Monday next the 9th instant at 6-45 p.m.

A Whist Drive and Dance will be held at Headquarters, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, on 11th instant commencing at 9-30 p.m. Tickets Re. 1 each. Dress optional.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon. Lieut-Col. P. R. Cadell C.I.E., Commanding.

October, 9.

352 Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by D Company during week ending 14th instant. Next for duty E Coy.

353. Company Field Training.—

Detail.—Sunday October, 15th F Company.
Sunday October 22nd H Company.
Sunday October, 29th A, B, and E. Coys

Companies will parade at Bori Bunder Station at 6 a.m. on the above dates, and will return to Bombay before 5 p.m. Haversack rations and waterbottles to be carried. Dress —At option of Officers commanding Coys.

354 Musketry.—The Range at Ghatkopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—

October 10th to 20th (except on 15th) C Company.

October 21st to 24th J Company.

October, 25th Machine Gunners.

355. Miniature Range.—From October 1st the Miniature Range is allotted in accordance with schedule of training issued to Officers Commanding Companies.

356 Signalling.—Signalling Class will parade at 6.15 p.m. at Headquarters on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

357. Parades.—A Coy. Parade on Tuesday 10th instant at 6-15 p.m. Alexandra Dock, Mufti.

B Coy. Parade 7 a.m. on Tuesday 10th and Friday 13th instant at Headquarters, Topees will be exchanged on the parade on the 10th instant.

Machine Gun Class at 7 a.m. on Wednesday 11th instant at Headquarters.

C Coy. Recruits, Monday and Friday at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m.

Coy. Parades, Tuesday and Thursday at Headquarters 6-15 p.m. Drill order.

E. (Cyclist) Coy.—Parade at Headquarters on Tuesday and Thursday at 6-30 p.m.

Motor Cyclist Section Parade at Headquarters on Wednesday at 7 a.m.

F Coy. The Company will parade every Monday and Thursday at 6-15 p.m. at Headquarters. Dress.—Drill order with helmets.

G Coy.—Company parades on Tuesday 10th and Thursday 12th instant at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana. Dress.—Drill order, no Tunics.

Recruits will attend the above parades.

Machine Gun Section.—The Machine Gun Section will parade at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m. on Friday 13th instant.

J Coy. Company parade of all Sections at the Volunteer Club on Tuesday 10th inst. at 6-30 p.m. Dress.—Drill order (Kilts) side arms and canes. Pencils and note books must be brought.

358. Transfers.—The following transfers will take effect from this date:—

No. 8775 Vol. L. Pinto from C to F Coy.
No. 8774 Vol. J. L. Pinto from C to F Coy.
No. 8731 Vol. A. M. DaCosta from C to F Coy.
No. 7736 Vol. J. J. Sausman, from D Coy to the Reserve.
No. 8731 Vol. A. M. DaCosta from C to F Coy.
No. 7736 Vol. J. J. Sausman, from D Coy to the Reserve.
No. 6775 Vol. W. E. Thomson from F Coy to the Reserve.

359. Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to F Coy—

No. 9036 Vol. P. Cordeux, No. 9037 Vol. B. Josephs, No. 9038 Vol. C. Nazareth.

360. Meeting.—There will be a meeting of Officers Commanding all Companies (Adult and Cadet) at Headquarters at 6.30 p.m. today Monday October 9th.

361. Officers Dress.—All Officers except Scots Coy. will in future wear new pattern topees, which can be obtained from Quarter-Master's Stores in exchange for those at present in use.

362. Regimental Shirts.—In future special small chevrons will be sewn on and worn with Regimental shirts. N. C. Officers should exchange their present chevrons for the new pattern at the Quarter Masters Stores after the 15th instant.

363 Regimental Order No. 339 of 23rd Sept. 1916 is cancelled. During the temporary absence of Major C. N. Moberly, Lieut H. L. McNeill will perform the duties of Adjutant.

364. Appointments.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following appointments as follows:—

No. 7923 Cerpl. E. Erb, "B" Coy. to be Lance Sergt. dated 5th September 1916.

No. 8589 Vol. H. B. Spiers, "J" Coy. to be Lce Corporal dated 1st October 1916.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps Orders by Lieut-Colonel G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Volunteer Rifles.

POONA, Oct. 9.

943. Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the ending 14th October, 1916.

At Headquarters:—

B Company, Wednesday at 7-30 a.m. Drill order.

Buglers, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 5-30 p.m.

At Satara:—

Machine Gun Parade, Tuesday and Saturday at 5 p.m.

944. Musketry.—The Rifle range will be open for Class firing at 7-30 a.m. daily except week ending 14th October, 1916.

Thursdays and Sundays until further orders. Members wishing to fire should send in their names to the Headquarter office two days beforehand.

The Camp of Exercise will commence on 13th January 1917, and all members of the Corps are expected to complete their Annual course of musketry for the current season before that date.

945 Miniature Range.—The Miniature range at Headquarters is allotted for the week ending 14th October 1916 as follows:—

Monday, Miniature Rifle Club at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m.

Tuesday, B Company Voluntary practice at 7 a.m.

Wednesday, A Company, Voluntary practice at 7 a.m.

Friday, Recruits at 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Saturday, Officers Revolver Voluntary practice at 7.30 a.m.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, 2nd Lieut.,
Adjutant, Poona Volunteer Rifles.

MAILS FOR MESOPOTAMIA.

Mails for the Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force, Mohomerah and Busra will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 12 noon to-day.

LADY HARDING WAR HOSPITAL.

H. H. the Maharani Saheb of Bhavnagar distributed sweets to all the wounded soldiers in the Lady Hardinge War Hospital on the Dussera Day, which was highly appreciated by them all.

MR. D. M. ROKADE J. P.

Mr. Dharmaji Madhavrao Rokade, one of the new recipients of the title of Justice of the Peace this year, takes a great interest in the education of the poor. He is the proprietor of a Free Primary School situated at Mandvi, Koliwada, which goes by the name of his father, the late Madhavrao Rokade, who founded the institution nearly forty years ago, and maintained it at a great personal self-sacrifice, actuated by the noble and commendable desire of bringing primary education within the reach of those who were either too poor or too indifferent to obtain it. Many of those who received this boon of education at the hands of Mr. Madhavrao Rokade are still alive and cherish the grateful memory of their teacher. For this influence for good among the poor and ignorant masses the late Mr. Madhavrao was a recipient of the title of J. P. After his death his son, Mr. Dharamji, resolved to keep up the institution founded by his father; and with the help and co-operation of his sisters he has hitherto succeeded in maintaining it and even increasing its utility by making it entirely free and adding to it a Manual Training Class.

It is likely his Highness Sir Ramvarmah, ex-Maharaja of Cochin, who is a great Sanskrit scholar and expert in the Ayurveda system, will preside over the All-India Ayurvedic Conference.

Sir Harold Stuart will leave Madras for Bombay *en route* to England on Monday evening

POONA RACES.

RESULTS AND DETAILS.

The following are the detailed results of Saturday's racing at Poona. A descriptive account appears in our Sunday Edition:—

THE GOOD-BYE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Mr. J. Bomanji's TAWAKUL, 8-5, Hardy 1
Messrs. Nassar Abdool and Yussuff Sheriff's JEMADAR, 9-0, Collis 2
Mr. Yussuff Haroon's RAVEN, 8-7, Bowley 3
Messrs. H. Zuheir and Saif bin Jassim's NYVARO, 8-5, Trenoweth 4

Also Ran:—Dartmoor 8-7, Aberdeen 8-7, Mandala 8-7, Salim 8-7, Ormuz 8-3, Czar 8-3 (cd. 8-5), Shukur 8-1, Cox 8-1, Vigilant 7-13, Romano 7-6, Toledo 7-5 (cd. 7-8).

The Race:—When let go Czar showed in front for the first furlong, then was joined by Dartmoor and the pair led round into the straight, where they were challenged by Tawakul, Jemadar and Raven and from half distance Tawakul drew to the front and staying on won by two lengths, two lengths, one and half lengths.

Time:—1 min. 39 secs.

Totes Paid:—Winner, Rs. 38. Places, Rs. 16-8, Rs. 28 and Rs. 23-8.

THE OCTOBER PLATE.—Distance 1¼ Miles.

Mr. Gahagan's NORTH, 7-11, Lynch 1
Mr. Hartigan's SPOOFER, 8-7, Ruiz 2
Messrs. Begmohmed and Nanji's AIRMAN, 8-3, Trahan 3*
Mr. J. Stewart's CHASTITY, 8-1 (cd. 8-4), Trenoweth 3*

*Dead-Heat.

Also Ran:—Megale 8-11, Decorum 8-5, Richard 8-5, Pension 7-12, Borgie 7-12.

The Race:—From a fair start Spoofer went to the front and led from North to the six furlongs, where the latter drew level with the leader and the pair continued to lead till at the three furlongs North held a slight lead of the other and despite Spoofer's efforts, North won by one and quarter lengths, one length between Spoofer and dead-heat for third place.

Time:—2 mins. 1 secs.

Totes Paid:—Winner, Rs. 49. Places, Rs. 14, Rs. 23-8 and Rs. 11 on Airman and Rs. 9 on Chastity.

THE GOOD-BYE PLATE.—Division I.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Haji Ahmed's SHAILAN, 7-6, Harrison ... 1
Capt. J. Crawford's ABDUL, 8-3, A. Templeman 2
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's BEN HUR, 9-3 3
Mr. N. Rajmohmed's PRESENT, 9-0, Bowley 4

Also Ran:—Planet 8-11, Nassau 8-8, Sherali 8-7, Refusal 8-6, Najdi 8-5, Murpho 8-4, Safi 8-3, Active 8-0, Remmes 8-0, Royalist 7-13, Angler 7-9, Subbiaca 7-7, Hudban 7-6.

The Race:—They got away on good terms when Active and Sherali in company held a slight lead from Angler and Royalist to the four furlongs, where Sherali gave place to Abdul and then when the field turned into the straight, Abdul came to the front, but from half distance was challenged by Shailan who drew out near home and won by one length, same, half length.

Time:—1 min. 39 2/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Winner, Rs. 27-8. Places, Rs. 69-8, Rs. 25-8 and Rs. 52.

Murpho dislodged his rider near the start.

THE DONCASTER PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

H. H. Jam Sahib's VITAL, 7-11, Collis ... 1
Messrs. Skelton and Pechey's LLANGEINOR, 9-12, F. Templeman 2
Messrs. Garda and Gokuldass' FIRE FINCH, 8-8, W. Huxley 3
Mr. R. R. S.'s DUNSKEY, 7-5 (cd. 7-6), Pullin 4

Also Ran:—Anthracite 9-6, Twa Briggs 9-5, Triple Alliance 9-4, Hoppner 9-0, Carpentia 8-13, Penny Pie 8-2, Stageland 8-4, Pretty Good Sort 7-13, Dorian 7-9, Kim III 7-7, Lucky Thought 7-4, Madrina 7-4, Flamen 7-2.

The Race:—They were sent away to a beautiful start and shortly Vital showed out but after another hundred yards was joined by Lucky Thought and the pair held clear lead of the rest of the field Then at the home turn, Lucky Thought ran wide and this left Vital with a clear field which she maintained to the finish and won by one and half lengths, There was great race for the other places, Llangeinor, Fire Finch and Dunskey filling them, separated by a head and neck respectively.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

Totes Paid:—Winner Rs. 44-8. Places, Rs. 18, Rs. 32-8 and Rs. 54-8.

THE SALISBURY PLATE.—Distance 5 Furlongs.

Mr. J. Irani's KING'S HEAD, 8-3, Bowley 1
Mr. Gokuldass' SUNDER, 8-6, W. Huxley 2
Mr. G. K.'s LADY DOUGLAS, 7-3, Collis 3
Messrs. Heath and J. Stewart's CORRIDOR, 9-12, Hardy 4

Also Ran:—Arkangelo 9-2, Servian 8-12, Edmyne 8-7, Haven of Rest 8-7, Double Fluke 8-5, Pension 8-3 (cd. 8-4), Dollet 7-12, Fire Tail 7-12, Kit Grey Leg 7-3.

The Race:—Out of a good start Corridor held a slight lead from King's Head, till they came to the home turn where Kingshead showed in front on the rails and though up the straight he was hotly pressed by Sunder and Lady Douglas, staying out he won by neck, half length, same.

Time:—1 min. 3 2/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Winner, Rs. 75. Places, Rs. 24-8, Rs 19-8 and Rs. 49-8.

THE SHIRAZ PLATE.—Distance 1¼ Miles.

Mr. J. M. Bernard's IRON CHEST, 8-13, Trenoweth 1
Mr. S. A. Wahed's OSPREY, 7-10, Buckley 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's BRIMO, 8-12, Ruiz ... 3
Mr. A. S. Omer's BURG, 8-4, A. Templeman 4

Also Ran:—Nawabzada 9-9, Excelsior 9-7, Makbul 9-2, Black Hussar 8-8, Solar Star 8-0, Investment 7-5 (cd. 7-6), Black Ivory 7-3, Gazal 7-2, Welcome 6-7 (cd. 6-11).

The Race:—Out of a bad send-off Investment showed out slightly, then at the mile post Gazal came to the front and led to the six furlongs, where he was joined by Osprey and the pair led from Iron Chest to the home turn, where the last named came to the front and led up the straight and though hotly challenged by Osprey, he won by neck, one length, head.

Time:—2 mins. 24 2/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Winner, Rs. 61. Places, Rs. 21, Rs. 48 and Rs. 25

THE FINAL PLATE.—Distance 5 Furlongs.

Mr. A. Nanjee's HURCHAN, 7-0, Collis ... 1
Mr. Gahagan's DURBAN, 9-4, W. Huxley 2
Mr. J. Stewart's ARROW, 8-11, Trenoweth 3
Mr. J. Ainsworth's MAT-HAT-BAIG, 7-11, Harrison 4

Also Ran:—Tammooz 9-12, Vellard 9-1, Red Cross 9-0, Defender 8-9, Tenebreuse 8-9, Sirmust 7-5 (cd. 7-7), Crusader 6-12.

The Race:—From a struggling start Defender led from Hurchan and Red Cross. Then turning into the straight Tammooz came up on the inside and led from Arrow, but Tammooz soon fell back and Hurchan, Durban and Mat-hat-Baig challenged Arrow in front lawn and out of a sensational finish Hurchan won by head, neck, short head.

Time:—1 min. 9 secs.

Totes Paid:—Winner, Rs. 137. Places, Rs. 41, Rs. 45 and Rs. 31.

P. M. Fairclough, the Lancashire County bowler, accomplished a fine performance when playing for Leigh against Blackley on Aug. 22. In 13.5 overs, five of which were maidens, he took eig't of the visitors' wickets for the small cost of nine runs. Flixton, who played nine men, could only muster 37, which Leigh cleared off without losing a wicket.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 9TH OF OCTOBER, 1916.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

179-15.—Captain & V, Lirdichand Auraj, firm v. Nensukhdas Sheonarayen, a firm, Madh K & C, Part heard.

353-15.—Motichand & D, Kesharichand Bhanabhai, a firm v. Premchand Manchand & ors, Jamsedji R & D, Part heard by Kajiji J on 16-9-16.

S C 382-16.—Daphtary F and D, Sulleman Haji Essak & anr v. Khema Suttra & ors, Payne and Co., Nanu H & Co., Part heard, 25-7-16.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTION TO COMR'S REPORT.

31-09.—Tyabji & Co., Bai Moolibai v. Choonilal Pitamber & ors, Sub & G, Ard H D & Co., Little & Co.

918-14.—M B Chothia, Dwarkadas Mohunji v M Allabux & Co., a firm, Payne & Co.

1307-15.—Wadia G & Co., Taben & Co., firm v. Vishwanath Rushana Teli, D J Mantre.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

884-15.—Judah & S, The Bhupendra Flour Mills Co., Ld. v. Khamisa Haji Jan Mahomed, Craigie B & C Co., Ltd.

FOR RE-HEARING

685-15.—G Pandya (For a pauper), Mogal Hasan Hoosein v. Mogal Hassan Ramzan, As per Ap. Ct's Or 17-7-16.

LONG CAUSES.

387-14.—Mulji & Th, Fazulbhai Peer Mahomed v. Manchershaw Dadabhai Burjorji Wadia and anr, Maneeklal and Co.

1402-14.—Amin and Desai, Harilal Keshowlal, a firm v. Keshowlal Hathibhai, Edgelow G W & Co., Tyabji D & Co.

191-15.—Payne and Co., S Narayan & Co., firm v. Harjiwandas Jaichand and ors, Tyabji D and Co., Amin and D, Edgelow G W & Co.

848-15.—Payne and Co., Hyderally Goolam Hoosein Bhimji v. Fazal Bhimji ors, Edgelow G W & Co., Mulji and Tha.

182-14.—Edgelow G W & Co., Bhaichand Kalyanchand v. Oomar Haji Sumar and ors, Patell and Eze, Motichand and D.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

724-16—C P D'Cunha, Rose Vaz v Michael Frank Vaz and another, D J Mantri.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

44-15—Crawford B and Co, Abdul Sakoor Haji Rahimtulla v Hormusji N. Vakil and ors, Payne and Co, Ardeshir H D and Co, Part heard.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTION TO COMR'S REPORT.

160-11—Tyabji D and Co, Fatmabibi v Shamsudin Pathani and ors, Captain and V, Mirza M and M.

MATRIMONIAL SUIT.

1573-15—Mulla and M, May Stevenson v Edward Turner Stevenson.

LONG CAUSES.

1163-14.—Pandia & Co., Harkissondas Narbheram & Co., a firm v. Premchand Ruttonji & Co., a firm, Payne &

158-16.—Edgelow G W & Co., Lala Hur Narain & anr v. Purbhushanker Deoshanker Achaya & ors, Payne and Co., Matubhai J & M.

299-16.—Captain and V, Radhakisson Ramjiwan, a firm v. Goculdas Madhowji & Co., a firm, Payne and Co.

1162-15.—D J Mantri, Bujanbai Saifuddin ors v. Samsuddin Ahmedally & ors Mehta D & L, Mirza M and M, D J Mantri.

1515-14.—Payne and Co., Lakhmidas Nursey v. Shivji Cursondas & anr, Mehta D & L, Jamsetji R & D.

890-15.—Khanderao L & M, Chandrabhagabai widow, & ors v. Champubai & anr Subnis and Gore, Mehta D and L For Postponement.

S C Ct 243/9227-16—Maneck D and Co, Alli Mahomed Jaffer and anr v Jafferbhai Mahomed Mistri, Mulla and Mulla.

768-15.—C P D'Cunha, Robert Nicholas De Monte & anr v. Alexander Pereira, & ors, Daphtary F and D.

144-16.—Mirza M and M, Babubhai Anandji Minwalla v. Jaswantlal Laloobhai, Mehta D and L.

35-16—Madhowji K and Ch, Manibai widow and anr v Sha Dewji Bhima and ors, Amin and Desai.

49-16.—Purnanand & Co., Mahomed Hasan bin Mahomed Ebrahim Muktaba, anr v. Haji Abdoola bin Baboo, Jam R & D.

298-16.—Matu J & M, Ismailbhoy Dharamsey & anr v. Peermahomed Rahim, anr,

182-16.—Jam R & D, Fatmabai, widow, & anr v. Tyebally Abdul Husein, & ors, Payne & Co., Unw. P & P.

757-15.—Crawford B & Co., Bai Oomabai widow v. Yeshwantrao Ghanasham Nadkarni and ors, Chitnis M and K, Khanderao L & M.

441-16—Captain and V, Atmaram Rattansey v Chhotalal Javerdas, Smetham B and Co, Shroff D and D.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KEMP

In the Division Court No. 40.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

LIST B COUNSEL.

609-16.—Payne & Co., Mangaldas Ramdas v. Ichhalal Jugmohandas & ors, Hiralal & Co., 3-10-16.

S C Ct 330-11829-15.—Ardesir H D & Co., Bai Dewkabai, widow, & ors v. Bai Motibai, widow, & ors, Madhowji K & Ch, 4-10-16.

O S 1055-16.—Bhai K & Gir, Kishrinath Shamrao Rele v. Krishnarao Bhasker Rele & ors, Mans H M & Co., Payne & Co., 22-9-16.

447-16—Mulla and M, Haji Mahomed Mehdi Malik Tujar v C Vorchand and Co a firm, Payne and Co, 25-9-16.

FOR JUDGMENT (IN COURT.)

1324-14.—Tyabji D & Co., Khushalchand Gopaldas, a firm v. Sanjidas Deokisson a firm, Payne & Co.

349-16.—Mer K & Co., Rai Bahadur Kahanmull Tillockchand v. Abraham E J Abraham, Ard H D & Co.

FOR DISMISSAL.

219-14—Captain and V, Lady Janbai, widow v Nanallal Parbhuram, Mulji & Th.

FOR DECREE ABSOLUTE.

692-15—Payne and Co Khimji Assur Virji v K Venkatrao Sethupatty and ors, Daph F and D, Kharas and Co.

453-16—Madh K and Ch, Damodhar Anandji a firm v Dhirajlal Bhimbhai and anr, Mirza M and M.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

470-11.—Bhaishanker K & G, Rambalabh Harmukhrai v. Gopiram Harmukhrai & ors, Soonderdas & Co.

TESTAMENTARY SUIT.

11-16.—Mer K & Co., Champoobai, widow v. Mathurabai, widow & ors, Rao & G, Manoh & N.

LONG CAUSES.

614-15.—Little & Co., The Tata Hydro Electric Power Supply Co., Ld. v. The Alliance Cotton Mafg Co., Ltd.

55-16.—Unwalla P and P, Haji Abbo Haji Noor Mahomed Cassam v. Fatmabai, widow, & ors, Pandia and Co.

808-15.—Captain and V, The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Abdul Rehman Haji Goolam Hoosein and ors, Payne and Co., Rustomji and G.

187-16.—Surajmal & Co., Ramji Gopalji v. Shivji Hirji and anr.

146-16.—Wadia G & Co., Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Bart., & ors v. Dadabhoy Nasserwanji J Wadia, Bhimji and Co.

224-16.—Mehta D & L, Bibi Mariam Sultan widow & anr v. Aga Ali Asgar Bin Aga Mahomed Jewad Yzdi alias Goorji, Mirza M & M.

715-12.—Mulla and M, Mahomed Nazirkhan Azimkhan v. Aga Mirza Mahomed Hoosein and ors, Khunderao L & M, Nadirshaw and D. Mulla and M.

554-16.—Daph F & D, Bai Kamlabai alias Kamalbai, widow, & ors v. Hirji Shivji Sunderji & anr, Sm B & Co.

554-15.—Ard H D & Co., Raja Bahadur Motilall Shivlal v. The Poona Cotton & Silk Mfg. Co., in Liquidation & ors, Payne & Co., Bh K & G.

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The response to the appeal has been magnificent, but many more gifts are wanted and it will materially assist the Committee if they are sent in well before the last day advertised for receiving them.

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"NEW INDIA" SECURITY CASE.

JUDGEMENT RESERVED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Oct. 8.

In the "New India" case on Saturday, continuing his argument that the Magistrate had not acted judicially, the Advocate-General pointed out that having to record reasons when dispensing with security would not vary the executive character of his act.

The Chief Justice enquired what should be record reasons for if not for revision.

The Advocate-General said it was for the information of the Government. He further contended that the applicant should have made this application before the forfeiture of security. Dealing with Mr. Ramaswamy Iyer's contention that the second proviso to section 3 must be read along with the enacting clause and not with the first proviso, the Advocate-General submitted that all parts of an enactment should be read together. If there was any ambiguity in a section the proviso must be read as an interpretation of the section, but when there was no ambiguity, the proviso would be a part of the section and pointed out that Section 22 precluded any action being taken against the deposit of security.

The Advocate-General having concluded his argument Mr. Ramaswamy Iyer began to reply. He said all that was needed to constitute a judicial act was that somebody's right of property or status should be affected and pointed out that the deposit of security was deprival of property. Dealing with the proviso of section 2 he stated that should be taken as an exception to the enacting parts and not each seeking to modify the other.

Their Lordships reserved judgment.

MYSORE REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THE DEWAN'S SPEECH ON OPENING OF SESSION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MYSORE, Oct. 7.

The Hon. Mr. H. V. Cobb, Resident in Mysore, and Major Turker, First Assistant Resident, Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Johnson and Mr. R. H. Campbell, C.I.E., were among those present to-day at the opening of the thirty-third session of the representative Assembly.

Dewan Sir Veswesaiyer made a lengthy address giving an account of administration of the State during the past official year. He alluded to improvement in general administration and the progress Mysore had made in all directions in recent years. He referred to the controversy regarding the Cauvery reservoir arbitration and after stating the facts on the question pointed out that the State received no special consideration in that matter. The construction of the reservoir would only enable them to utilise to a very moderate extent the legitimate advantages to which Mysore was entitled by reason of its natural situation in reference to the river. The recognition of their rights moreover, he said, was accompanied by conditions which would be found to be very generous as time went on. In concluding his address the Dewan referred to the questions relating to economic, agricultural and industrial development, and also to the development of civil and social life and urged on the necessity of furthering their progress.

ON THE TREK WITH VAN DEVENTER.

"FALSTAFFIAN ARMY'S" FINE FEAT OF ENDURANCE.

In the following dispatch Reuter's special correspondent with the East African Forces gives an interesting account of the difficulties encountered by General Van Deventer in the three weeks' raid which resulted in the capture of the important road centre of Kondon, eighty miles north of the Central Railway:

After the capture of Lol-Kissale the enemy gradually fell back on Ufume, where Boer families who had refused to become naturalised German citizens were interned. When the place fell into our hands they were released.

The enemy makes a point of concealing his dead and wounded as much as possible. He does not let even his own troops know what loss has been sustained, and does not let a company bury its own dead. Men recruited in another district are employed, so that the identity of the slain may be hidden.

The German force during this phase of the campaign has been estimated as consisting of about a dozen companies of 150 each. He later returned, having been reinforced by five companies. Our advancing troops find many reminders of the Hun methods of waging war. Dead Askaris are often found, but the most gruesome sights are those of the bodies of Askaris and carriers dangling from trees. There are also signs that the enemy has suffered severely from sickness, and the General is to be commended for the care he has taken to insist on sanitation work being carried on wherever our troops may be camped. He is taking no unnecessary risks.

No praise can be too high for the splendid manner in which officers and men supported General Deventer. The start from Aruscha was made with the lightest of kits and the most meagre supplies, yet all the force fought through, undergoing the greatest of hardships. The force that took possession of Kondoa was a ragged lot, many men having no boots, while whole shirts were the exception, and ragged riding breeches no uncommon sight. It was a Falstaffian army as regarded its clothing, and it had as much food as a Red Indian raiding party. Horses were grazed on mealies and millet heads, and the men found food where they could, the Government paying for whatever was taken and for all crops spoilt.

In this last connection there is a story of one chief who when offered cash—silver rupees—refused some, merely remarking: "War has no eyes!"

THE REINSTATED COLONEL.

A COMRADE OF THE LEGION ON HIS FINE SERVICE.

In connection with the announcement that Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. Elkington, formerly of the Warwickshire Regiment, is to be reinstated in his old rank the "Manchester Guardian" publishes certain facts relating to his service with the French Foreign Legion, which have been supplied by a member of the Legion, a native of Coventry, who served with the former commander of the Warwicks:—

"I remember Mr. Elkington coming among us. He never talked much. He was known as the Silent Englishman. We knew he was under a cloud of some kind. So long as a man is a good comrade no one worries about the circumstances that made him a legionary. One of the first things noted about our new comrade was his coolness and resource under all circumstances. He was instinctively recognised as a leader of men, and some of the roughest of the legionaries submitted to his authority without venturing to question it. Once we had a rough time—rough for us, even. All officers were knocked over. Elkington assumed command of our company. He led it with marked ability and courage through one of the hottest fights we had ever been in. It was entirely due to his skilful handling that the company was extricated from an awkward position. The handling of the company helped the Legion materially in playing its part in that day's operations. It was for his bravery on this and other occasions that Mr. Elkington was given the Medaille Militaire and mentioned in the Order of the Day of the French army.

"Among comrades in the Legion Mr. Elkington had the reputation of being absolutely fearless. He was ready to take on anything. He was always found an ideal comrade in danger or difficulty. There are at least two men in the Legion who owe their lives to timely aid given at critical moments in hard fighting by the Silent Englishman.

"It was during the Champagne offensive he was wounded. The Legion was given a hard task. They had to advance against a strong position over ground offering absolutely no cover. Mr. Elkington was with the leading file of the leading company. His fine figure and commanding presence marked him out from among other men more than usually striking. He was hit almost at the moment when the object of attack was attained. It was afterwards stated by the general directing operations that the bearing of his company of the Legion on that day was an inspiration to all engaged in the battle, and had contributed to the success of the day's operations. His wound was too serious to permit of further service with the Legion."

THE CORPS IN WHICH THE "DEBT WAS PAID."

"It is something to feel that once again I have the confidence of my King and country;" so said Lieutenant-Colonel Elkington to a representative of the London "Evening News." "Fragments from France," was his cheery remark as he pointed to his damaged knee, shattered by Maxim gunfire:—

"I am afraid it has put an end to my career in the field, and I cannot hope to have any more first-hand experience of fighting. Even so I must not complain, as I had an experience of twenty-two months in the trenches with a regiment which has gained the reputation of possessing the finest troops in the world.

'The senior officers are practically without exception French, but the rank and file are drawn from every part of the globe. We had the Turk standing shoulder to shoulder with the Armenian—a strange combination indeed in view of their relations in the Near East. Representatives of the country too proud to fight were there in abundance. There were also Spaniards, Swiss and Swedes, together with men who could only be described as Cosmopolitan. I saw very few English.

"I can correct the idea that the discipline of the Legion represents that of a penal settlement.

"We were all the time in the thick of the fighting in the Champagne country. Although originally attached to the army of Morocco, we were fed and housed by the French Government, to whom we also looked for our pay. A sou (½d.) per day was my pay at first, but this was subsequently increased to 25 centimes (2½d.). I did not attain any rank above that of a *legionnaire*, but I have brought back two more 'fragments from France'."

The Colonel showed me the Medaille Militaire and the Croix de Guerre, gained, as the inscription shows, for "Valeur et Discipline." After being wounded he spent ten months in a French hospital.

Colonel Elkington did not attempt to disguise his identity when he enlisted in the Legion.

"Why should I not serve as a private?" he said. "It is no disgrace for any man to figure in the ranks of that famous corps. Moreover, I had a debt to wipe off. Now the debt is paid."

SILVER MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 5.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says the appearance of the market is less robust, but there seems no reason to doubt that the undertone will continue good. The approximation of price to 33d. provoked sales from China. Such sales, even if not large, affect the market, for there is always the possibility of the quantity increasing. The mere fact of China selling influences other selling and speculators are disposed to take their profits, and Indian bazaars, whose adverse views regarding the future of silver are notorious, immediately feel depressed. A retrogression in prices is the natural outcome of these circumstances.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

MRS. BESANT'S BIRTHDAY.

MR. EARDLEY NORTON'S REMINISCANCE

The residents at Advar were "At Home" to Mrs. Besant yesterday evening in conveying felicitations to the President of the Theosophical Society on her 69th birthday. The function was attended by over 200 guests including Mr. Eardley Norton who made a very interesting speech on the occasion. He said:—

I have been invited without any preliminary warning to say a few words on this occasion, assembled as we now are here to do honour to Mrs. Besant on her 69th birthday. Of the particulars of her work in India you are more competent to judge than I though even I have seen and appreciated much of Mrs. Besant's contributions to the education and improvement of young India. It may not however, be known to you that I am possibly the eldest acquaintance of Mrs. Besant in this country. Thirty-nine years ago, in 1877, I saw and heard her, in the Court of Queen's Bench in London, defending herself with an eloquence and address I have never forgotten against the attacks of the then Solicitor-General, Sir Hardinge Gifford, now Lord Halsbury. I remember on one occasion how she flung all the wealth of her eloquence against the learned Counsel who appeared at the time to be absent. I remember the Lord Chief Justice, Sir Alexander Cockburn, pointing out to Mrs. Besant the unchivalry of commenting on an absent adversary. I remember Mrs. Besant's reply, "if my Lords, the Solicitor-General is not here let him be sent for." In the period which has passed by since then Mrs. Besant has rounded and perfected her great gift of speech. Standing by her side in Court was one whom I afterwards got to know and to love well. Charles Bradlaugh was not then in Parliament. In 1878 I was staying with Mr. W. C. Bannerjee in the house of Dr. Aubrey Spencer Watson in Newcastle in connection with the Indian National Congress. Mr. Bannerjee and I went out for a walk, the following day. In the street we noticed huge placards announcing that Mr. Bradlaugh who was at that time in Parliament would speak at eight o'clock in the morning on some subject in some place, and at 2 o'clock on a second subject in some other place and at 5 o'clock in the Music Hall on "India." We determined to go and hear him on the last mentioned topic. We were the only two persons in black coats and tall silk hats which gained us a prominent position on the platform one on either side of Mr. Bradlaugh. The hall was packed from floor to ceiling with a huge audience of English artizans. Mr. Bradlaugh spoke with imposing accuracy and knowledge and without a single note on India. It was obvious he had been at considerable pains to make himself acquainted with Indian History and he stated Indian wants with a clearness and precision which aroused our admiration. At the conclusion of his address we were invited to say a few words to the assembly. I confess I felt my tongue draw to the roof of my mouth and I insisted that Mr. Bannerjee as my learned senior should speak first. And after that I was forced to follow. I told the audience that I had accompanied Mr. Bradlaugh's career with great interest and that I had been struck with the wonderful grasp which Mr. Bradlaugh held over the working classes of England, a grasp which was responded to by an exhibition of loyalty unequalled by any similar demonstrations in favour of any other English public speaker. And I suggested that it might be possible that this great gift should be used to advance India's claims both in and outside the House of Commons. Then Bradlaugh rose and referring to his hold upon the hearts of British workmen he reminded his audience that years ago being prosecuted by the Government in England he had found himself hard pressed pecuniarily in his defence. He recounted how the workmen in England had sent him contributions from their small savings and had in some instances sent him their coats and boots asking him to convert into money. "And my men" added the speaker "should a similar need ever arise again and I find myself once made in a similar perplexity I feel certain that many men in this audience would gladly contribute to my defence by taking their coats off their backs and their shoes off their feet." To my astonishment three-fourths of the audience stood up and whilst all cheered many men began to take of their coats So far as I was concerned that settled with me the question of India's leader in the House of Commons. On our return to London Mr. Bannerjee and I met Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji who represented Bombay. I suggested that we ought to invite Mr. Charles Bradlaugh to be the official representative of India in the House and to undertake the espousal of her grievances and the advocacy of her cause. This was agreed to and we called upon Mr. Bradlaugh at his rooms in Saint John's Wood. He was completely taken aback at our request, though he admitted he was sorely tempted by the brilliancy of the offer despite the grave difficulties in her way. That day week we called upon him again and then he asked for a week's respite, there he accepted the brief for India. And we all know how bravely and splendidly he espoused India's needs and with what complete self-devotion he laboured on her behalf both inside and outside Parliament. Then sickness fell upon him and to better his health he came out to the Congress in Bombay over which Sir William Wedderburn presided. There, after the official business of the Congress was over, Bradlaugh made a speech which those who heard will never be able to forget Still later on the terrace of the House of Commons Bradlaugh told me that his seat in Northampton was contested and though he felt quite sure as to the result his long continued ill-health and more than ever circumscribed his means. He who had rejected every gift and had never drawn one penny from us asked me whether India would give him five hundred pounds towards his coming election and I told him India would. Before the promise could be redeemed Bradlaugh died, and he passed away a brave, simple strenuous soul, a champion of the Indian cause whom we have toiled ever since in vain to replace.

Standing here to-day in these beautiful grounds looking back upon her long association with India and its work and feeling strong and firm in her capacity for further continued effort, Mrs. Besant must rejoice in the knowledge, that though she has achieved much there is still much left which she will yet achieve. Of the sincerity of her motives no one here is likely to entertain any doubt. Of her great abilities we are well aware, and even if some of us differ from her in the details of her political programme we can all afford to recognise the good she has done and the good which, I hope, for many years she will still do. For more than ever nascent India needs firm and tender guidance. Activities are abroad which are calling aloud for friendly help. The recognition of success in the past necessarily incites greater hope for the future. It is clear to all thoughtful persons that there is no such thing as standing still but whilst the political lifeblood of educated India is throbbing with vivid vitality in all who love her and are anxious to build up for her a great and permanent structure of political advance we must all simultaneously recognise the great responsibilities which lie upon those, who take upon themselves the leadership and control of India's destinies. The future is flashed with the radiance of beautiful dawn beckoning us all into greater and brighter light than has ever yet shone on India's progress. What may be for her in the near future behind the curtains which will not be parted until after the close of the present war it is not my mission to speculate about.

He concluded:—We can offer Mrs. Besant on this, her 69th birthday no better birthday gift than hope that as she is quick and clever and resolute so she may be wise and prudent in her leadership. On your behalf I tender to her our best wishes for the success and happiness of herself and of all that she holds most dear. May she live to see many more birthdays and the fruition of designs carefully thought out, skilfully controlled and happily exhibited to the benefit and welfare of herself, this country and of mankind.

U. P. SPECIAL WAR FUND.

PURCHASES OF MOTOR AMBULANCES AND LAUNCHES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LUCKNOW, Oct. 7.

Up to date the U. P. special war fund has been applied in the purchase and equipment of 110 motor ambulances, ten motor launches, and hospital ship for Mesopotamia presented by the Maharaja of Nabha.

Apart from the 50 ambulances now at the front, ten more will be supplied to the Admiralty in a few days and further convoy of 50 is under construction.

The hospital ship Nabha will be built in Bombay.

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Frontispiece of Sunday "Chronicle" of 17th September, 1916.

ADVT. MANAGER, "SUNDAY CHRONICLE"
Meadows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

CHASTISING THE CHURCH.

A STRIKING SERMON.

"The Modern Churchman" for August gives prominence to a sermon by the Rev. Hubert Handley, M.A., who was formerly Vicar of St. Thomas's, Camden Town, N.W. The text was, "Lazarus, come forth" (St. John xi. 43). The speaker said in the course of his remarks:—

"Surging questions of the first moment will confront the nation after the war: questions of capital and labour of the new sense of the meaning, responsibility, and use of money; of mitigating class distinctions; of the woman's movement; of scientific method in education; of the due place of pleasure and games in the national economy. These and like questions will clamour for solution. They will not be solved by clever programmes and ingenious devices alone; these must be tools in the hands of something else."

That something else, says the reverend gentleman, must be the mutual *spirit of sacrifice*; and he asks, What is the Church here for but to diffuse the nation with that? He goes on:—

"Yet what conspicuously has this Church of ours achieved in sacrifice during the war? What at the front? Apart from fine individual chaplains, what has our whole Church done at the front? Have we there at all equalled or approached the Y.M.C.A.? What at home? Has the Church of England in her corporate capacity at home, in these days of imperative economy and surrender, when on all hands the peremptory national need is for example in unselfishness—has the Church of England as a Church been eminent in sacrifice? Have her leaders? . . . As a priest of the Church of God in this land I bow my head in humiliation that the bishops, with one or two noble exceptions, have given no lead to this nation, at the hour of trial, in yielding up of worldly estate. On the contrary, I read in the leading Church journal a discussion on the point as to which was the last bishop to wear a wig! Amid the moral whirlwind of Europe, amid the concussion of nations, when the earth is opening her mouth to swallow up idolatries and trifling, Churchmen are gravely debating in their leading organ which was the last bishop to wear a wig!

RECRUDESCENCE OF RAIDS ON MOHMAND BORDER.

DETACHMENTS STRENGTHENED IN THE AREA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Oct. 8.

Owing to a slight recrudescence of unrest and petty raiding on the Mohmand border it has been decided as a precautionary measure to strengthen the detachments in this area and enforce a blockade.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, October 9, 1916.

AGRICULTURAL LESSONS.

Mr. T. H. Middleton, of the Board of Agriculture, has recently issued a most interesting and suggestive brochure on the development of German agriculture during the last forty years. He compares it with what has been done in Great Britain, the comparision being very unfavourable to the latter. During the four decades the gross production from German soil has so far increased as to have kept pace with the growth of population. On the other hand the production from British soil has greatly declined. The broad results at which he has arrived may be briefly stated here. The production of cereals in Germany has doubled itself in forty years. In England many a rich cornfield of forty years is now only a grass growing soil! This too, without any increase in meat and milk to compensate for the other food that has been lost. Mr. Middleton estimates that Germany feeds from 70 to 75 persons per 100 acres of cultivated land, Great Britain only from 45 to 50. This acreage, moreover, yields in Germany 4½ tons of meat and 28 tons of milk per annum as against 4 tons of meat and 17 tons of milk in Great Britain. This unfavourable comparision is greatly accentuated when it is borne in mind that the soil and climate of Germany are known to be decidedly inferior to that of Great Britain from the point of view of gross production.

What are the reasons of this decline of farming in Great Britain? Mr. Middleton observes that farms in Great Britain are mainly rented; in Germany they are generally owned by the farmer. There are 93 per cent. of such peasant proprietors in Germany, while there are only 11 per cent. in England. At the beginning of the nineteenth century British farming stood at the head of all other countries, owing to the rental system which left the tenant with his capital free for the development of his farm. If this system has gradually brought diminished returns, is it not time to modify it? It is observed that there are so many facilities for credit that the proprietor of the land in England can easily obtain as much liquid capital for his business as the tenant who has invested nothing in the purchase of his land. In the halcyon days of British farming the landlord used to lead his tenants and force up the standard of farming by his covenants. But during the last generation he has had to be content with whatever farming his tenants would give him: Mr. Middleton, however, is of opinion, that despite this reversed condition, good farming is possible under both systems. It is not ensured by either. As facts stand, the German peasant has more to find by way of commitments than his English rival. But the renting system in Germany is rare so no comparison can be fairly drawn. At the same time Mr. Middleton's inquiries have led him to think that quality for quality land values are higher in Germany than in Great Britain. This may be accounted for the larger productiveness of the German soil put into cultivation. It is said English rentals do not pay a business rate of interest on the market value of the land. The holdings of landowners are estimated on an average between 150 and 300 acres. But Germany is a country of very small holdings. On this Mr. Middleton's observation is that "England has too many farms too big for men prepared to use their hands and too small for men prepared to use their heads." Opinions, however, on this point, seem greatly to differ.

Statistics show that of the cultivated land in Germany only 21 per cent is under grass and 46 per cent. is under food crops; whereas in England and Wales, 58 per cent is under grass and only 19 per cent. under cereals. In Germany more than 18 people are wholly or partially employed on each 100 acres, whereas it is even less than six in Great Britain. Here then is the most striking difference. England grows more grass, Germany grows more cereals! If British agriculture is ever going to count again in the national economy some means of restoring the predominance of the plough will have to be found. As regards wages, Mr. Middleton concludes that the average earnings of the German agricultural labourer are under £33 a year; the English average is about £47. It is observed that on the whole the German peasant has progressed because he has made better use of science and has developed sounder business methods than his British prototype. Modern German agriculture has been built on a solid foundation of education, and research, co-operation, credit, organisation are all promoted by the Agricultural Bureaus. In short, as Mr. Middleton says: "the German landholder owns land not only as an investment but for the purpose of carrying on the business of agriculturist. The estate of the German, unlike the home farm of most English landowners, is managed on business principles. Its business is to maintain the commercial credit of the owner and its merit depends mainly upon the balance sheet, not upon the number of prizes collected at local livestock shows." There is ample food for reflection in Mr. Middleton's lecture which is full of facts and suggestions. Indians interested in the improvement of agriculture and agricultural credit should thoroughly digest it. Above all let the few co-operative societies which have been started in the country try thoroughly to understand the divers points of comparison made between German and British agriculture in order to follow the one most suited to the conditions of Indian agriculture and agriculturist.

THE WAR PENSIONS SCANDAL.

The announcement that the Cabinet have appointed a committee to enquire into the whole question of war pensions and their administration is very welcome. The administration of war pensions has become such a colossal business that it has been urged with much reason in many quarters that the constitution of a Pensions Department with a Minister of Pensions is essential. At present the investigation and decision of a claim to a pension is carried out by the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital. After their decision has been made the papers proceed on a tour of various offices in different parts of the metropolis which exceeds anything in the way of official circumlocution that has ever existed. There is the Records Office in one district and the Issue Office in another and other departments which have their part to play in legalising the grant of the pension to which the discharged soldier is by right entitled. How much more tedious and irritating the process is when it is a question of a pension for wounds or illness contracted while on war service and the least element of doubt can be detected by the official mind can be easily imagined. During all this time the pensionnaire has to live and probably support a wife and family. To meet this hardship the Government recently decided to allow men waiting for their pensions special allowances of from 10s. to 20s. a week. It would be difficult to imagine a more wasteful system in every way. If the whole business of examination of claims and papers, etc., were located under one roof the delays would be reduced to a reasonable time and the country would be saved a vast amount of absolutely wasteful expenditure.

But circumlocution and red tape of this character are not the only defects of the system which require to be remedied. There is what Mr Kennedy Jones, in a letter to the "Saturday Review," describes as "the inhuman manner of arriving at how much less than the 'flat rate' the country shall pay the soldier by estimating the earning power of what is left of him; the desire to shirk all responsibility for men who have hopelessly broken down in training; the absence of all real effort to set forth a comprehensive plan for the re-education of the injured soldier who is unable to follow his pre-war trade, and the want of provision for the proper training and education of dead or disabled officers' children." The business is one which grows in difficulty and magnitude with the progress of the war and the ever-increasing size of the army. It ought to have been taken in hand long ago and even now the Government would have done better to set up a permanent department than to appoint a committee of enquiry which will only prolong the agony. It is something to the good, however, that they have been at length aroused to the need for a supersession of the present cumbersome and wasteful system and the need for the exercise of a little more humanity and a little less red tape,—at least, it is to be hoped that the Committee's instructions will be to apply themselves to an amelioration of present conditions in these respects.

THE DEPARTMENTAL AUTOCRAT.

An instance of the arbitrary methods sometimes adopted by the Bombay Education Department in their treatment of school authorities is afforded in the report for the year 1915-16 of the New English School, Poona, conducted by the Deccan Education Society. The Government Inspector of Science Teaching paid two visits to the school during the year and made the following remark among others, about the teaching of Science in the school:—

During past years a certain amount of practical work has been done of a standard perhaps rather higher than usual in Indian High Schools. On the strength of this, there is a tendency not to come into line with the Departmental requirements of Science. This, however, cannot be permitted, and whilst congratulating the Head Master and the Senior Science Master on the work of the past, I pointed out to them that their course of action must be modified and their teaching adapted to the Departmental scheme wherein attention is concentrated upon certain definite aims. I look to schools of this kind to provide much valuable criticism of the *details* of the course but the principles of it must be observed, and that small quantity of work which is stereotyped must be done. In regard to the rest Science Masters are left more to their own discretion.

It is obvious from the remarks that the teaching of science in the school being of a standard higher than usual, the only inference that can be drawn is that the books and the methods used are better suited to the needs of the students than is usual in other schools which use the books prepared and the method suggested by the Inspector himself. So long as the object,—the proper teaching of science,—is realised, and realised well, it does not matter what means are adopted. And it is astounding that the Inspector should go out of his way to insist that the stereotyped method,—that is, his own, and not that which is found by the school authorities to be the most desirable,—should be followed. The Headmaster took objection not to the Departmental requirements as such,—namely, the course of study prescribed,—but to the Inspector's gratuitous "insistence on our following his instructions on certain points of detail and procedure which properly lie within the headmaster's jurisdiction." The Headmaster wrote a letter to the Inspector conveying his dignified but emphatic protest against the former's remarks, the concluding portion of which bears quotation:

In this school the importance of instruction in science was recognised, and the subject introduced long before the University and the Department made it compulsory. There are subjects no less important than science and all the care usually bestowed upon these will not fail to be bestowed upon science. It is quite necessary that science teachers should be free to vary the order and arrangement of experiments, to substitute new ones in their place and to make other changes suited to the immediate needs of the pupils provided they go over the course outlined by the Department. If any subject is more unfit for stereotyped work than others, it is science; and whatever might be the case with schools which have only recently begun to teach that subject, I am naturally unwilling to forego all the advantages which I believe this school enjoys by reason of the long experience of science teaching and of the facilities for obtaining sound advice by having college professors to direct the teaching.

Apart from all this, however, there remains, as the head-master rightly points out

the fact that a new principle of interference with the proper school authorities will be introduced by following your detailed instructions which ought really to come in the form of suggestions.

The letter put a stop to all further undue interference on the part of the Inspector. Unfortunately all headmasters are not so independently circumstanced, and it is easy to imagine how successful the Inspector may be in their case in crushing initiative.

Notes of the Day.

The Latest Somme Successes.

The latest extension of the Anglo-French "push" on the Somme renders the position of Peronne and Bapaume increasingly precarious. The whole section of the Peronne-Bapaume Road,—from the south of Bouchavesnes to within two hundred metres of Sailly,—is now in the possession of the French who, in attaining this objective, have hitherto captured fifteen machine guns and five hundred prisoners. Simultaneously the British have taken the village of Le Sars which is across the Albert-Bapaume Road, about two miles in advance of Courcelette. Further east the British had advanced their line 600 to 1,000 yards between Gueudecourt and Lesboeufs. This, with the advance of the French line beyond Morval, brings the Allies substantially nearer the objective and the next move should carry them to the Peronne-Bapaume Road north of Sailly, the final stage in the completion of an encirclement of Bapaume similar to that which brought about the fall of Combles. The Anglo-French line is now well thrust in between Bapaume and Peronne and nothing but a miracle can save either of these two positions from the fate of Combles. The St. Pierre Vaast Wood referred to in the French communiqué is immediately to the south-east of Sailly and Hill 130 is south-east of Bouchavesnes and in a direct line north of Peronne.

German Lies about the British.

It is stated that incredulity is sometimes expressed at the extraordinary stories related by German prisoners regarding the statements made to them by their superiors as to the horrible treatment they may expect at the hands of the British if they allow themselves to be taken. In view, however, of the record of the German military staff in mendacity, there is no reason to be incredulous as to the length to which this campaign of deliberate lying can be carried. Nevertheless an idea of the success with which it is conducted can be gathered from the account which the "Pioneer" quotes from a correspondent now in India, who was present during the earlier period of the offensive on the Somme, of the conversations he had with a number of wounded Germans. These Germans had been captured by our troops and were astonished at the care and attention bestowed on them by British doctors and nurses. Among them was an officer of the Prussian Guard who had received severe wounds. He admitted that he had believed that the British executed all their prisoners, but he had no words to express his appreciation of the treatment he and the other German wounded were receiving in the British hospital. This man was highly educated, speaking several languages and if he was imbued with this extraordinary belief it is not surprising that strange delusions prevail amongst the rank and file.

University for Travancore.

While a definite decision has been taken to start a University for Mysore, a movement seems to be on foot in Travancore, another educationally progressive State, for the establishment of a separate State University. The claim for a University in Travancore seem not a whit less strong than those for the Mysore University. Mysore, when it sought to establish a University in 1914-15, had three Government Colleges with a strength of 700 students, two second grade private Colleges with 101 students, 45 High Schools out of a total of 292 recognised by the Madras University. Travancore, on the other hand, had during the same year four Government Colleges including the Training and Law Colleges with a strength of about 657, and two private second-grade Colleges with 334 students. Thus the total collegiate strength, namely 990, compared favourably with the corresponding strength in Mysore, 801. The State had 31 High Schools, recognised by the Madras University.

Police and Crime in Ceylon.

The police administration in the Island of Ceylon seems to be far from satisfactory if one is to judge from the few figures quoted by the "Times of Ceylon" from the report on the subject recently issued by the Solicitor-General. These figures show an extraordinarily high proportion of acquittals to convictions in cases of grave crimes against the person. There were, for instance, 52 acquittals for murders against 72 convictions; 134 acquittals against 206 convictions for voluntarily causing hurt; and as many as 761 acquittals against 797 convictions for causing hurt with a dangerous weapon. It may be that there is something wrong with the administration of justice, but this fact alone, even if it were true, cannot explain the failure of the police in detecting crime and bringing the true offenders to book.

'BOMBAY CHRONICLE' DEFENCE FUND.

A PUBLIC SUBSCRIPTION

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read with great regret of the libel case brought against the "Bombay Chronicle," in the Court of Mr. Justice Macleod. I have no wish to discuss the merits of the case. I have no doubt that you will appeal,—though that is no concern of mine. But I feel that in the time of misfortune the public should come to the assistance of a journal which always bravely and independently fights for what it believes to be right.

I suggest that you should open your columns to a public subscription to pay the damages and costs in the libel suit and I shall have much pleasure in subscribing Rs. 500.—Yours, etc.,

A SUPPORTER OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Bombay, 5th Oct., 1916.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am sorry to read the result of the defamation case against the "Chronicle." I am sure however that you will not be depressed in any way but continue to do your duty towards the public as fearlessly as ever. The "Chronicle" is the only English paper on this side of India which has ably taken up the cause of the Indians and courageously ventilates their grievances and advocates their just rights and it is, therefore, the duty of the public to assist you and make good the loss inflicted on your paper.

I am not a very rich man so as to render you substantial financial assistance, but I enclose my cheque of Rs. 100 towards starting a fund to pay off the damages and costs.—Yours, etc.

CHHOTALAL ISHWARDAS.

75, Apollo Street,
Oct. 5th.

We have received several similar letters including one from Esplanade Road enclosing a "subscription list started to mark public appreciation of 'The Bombay Chronicle' in its policy of voicing Indian aspirations and opinions."

While we should not have thought it proper to initiate such an appeal to the public ourselves, we gratefully accept the suggestion of our correspondents and shall be glad to receive any subscriptions which our readers may send. We publish below the first list of subscriptions:—

	Rs.
"A Supporter of 'The Chronicle'"	500
Mr. Chhotalal Ishwardas	100
"Investment"	100
Mr. Nanavati and friends (1st instalment)	100
C. N. K.	50
Mr. Osman Sobani	50
Mr. Aziz	25
"Subscription list started to mark public appreciation of 'The Bombay Chronicle' in its policy of voicing Indian aspirations and opinions":	
S. G. Velinkar	300
Soonderdas	101
Soondardas Narandas	101
V. P. Taraporevala	70
H. S. Captain	50
J. R. Patell	50
D. T. Irani	50
Bhimji N. Dalal	50
S. B. Nariman	30
Constant Reader	30
M. M. Kamdar	25
C. A. Vakil	25
M. A. Vakil	25
A. M. Mehta	20
M. C. Kapadia	20
S. S. Rangnekar	15
G. M. Gupte	15
N. M. Mazumdar	15
A Sympathiser	15
D. T. Desai	15
A. M. Masani	15
Rectitude	15
R. S. Billimoria	15
A Reader	15
H. A. Vakil	15
Total	2,210

Cheques or money orders should be made payable to The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC IN KARACHI.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, Oct. 8.

A cholera epidemic in Karachi has caused 200 deaths in five weeks. The whole of the city and port have been placed out of bounds for the troops. The Sind College has been closed.

There is also a cholera epidemic at Hyderabad and cholera cases have been reported in other towns in Sind.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS

ALLIED PUSH ON SOMME.

MACKENSEN RECOILING.

ALLIES TEN MILES FROM MONASTIR.

GREAT BATTLE RAGING IN GALICIA.

Co-operating with the French the British attacked on Saturday from the Albert-Bapaume Road to Lesboeufs. They advanced their line 600 to 1,000 yards between Gueudecourt and Lesboeufs and captured the village of Le Sars and made progress east and west thereof.

The French attacked from the front of Morval-Bouchavesnes and brilliantly attained all objectives. They carried their line 1,200 metres north-east of Morval.

The Serbian offensive is developing and advanced detachments have reached the Belavoda Valley. The French have occupied Berlin on the banks of Lake Prespa. The Bulgars are retiring before the British on the Struma front and the British have captured Navoljen and five more villages. The Allies are now ten miles from Monastir.

The Roumanians in co-operation with the victorious Allied advance in Macedonia are exerting their chief strength in Dobrudja, where Mackensen is recoiling under steady pressure. Russian gun-boats on the Danube have shelled the Bulgarian left and Russians are advancing on a front extending from Rassova to Perveli.

General Brussiloff, whose operations are closely connected with the Roumanian position, has now transferred his chief activity from Volhynia to Northern Galicia and a new battle is developing on a semi-circular front of 25 miles between the Brody and Tarnopol railways, where they converge towards Lemberg.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The trade returns for September show increases of seven millions sterling in imports and eleven millions in exports.

Increases for the past nine months are 60 millions in imports and 96 millions in exports.

FRESH ALLIED PUSH ON SOMME.

RUSSO-ROUMANIANS RECOVER INITIATIVE IN DOBRUDJA.

FRESH ANGLO-FRENCH PUSH.

BRITISH OCCUPY LE SARS.

INVALUABLE WORK BY AIRCRAFT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

General Haig in last night's communiqué says:—Co-operating with the French on our right we attacked in the afternoon from the Albert-Bapaume raod to Lesboeufs.

We advanced our line 600 to 1,000 yards between Gueudecourt and Lesboeufs and captured the village of Le Sars and made progress east and west thereof.

Reports of the number of prisoners taken have not hitherto been received.

Aircraft greatly assisted the infantry. Our aeroplanes in spite of bad weather in the past five days have done invaluable work and have dropped numerous bombs on the enemy.

BRILLIANT FRENCH ATTACK.

ALL OBJECTIVES ATTAINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

PARIS, Oct. 8.

Last night's communiqué says:—North of the Somme the French infantry in conjunction with the British, attacked from the front of Morval-Bouchavesnes and brilliantly attained all objectives.

We carried our line forward 1,200 metres north-east of Morval. Hitherto 500 prisoners have been taken including ten officers. Fifteen machine-guns have been counted.

The new French line crowns the western slopes of the Sailley-Saillisel ridge, including the whole Bapaume road to within two hundred metres from Sailly, it skirts the western and south-western fringes of the Stpierrevaast Wood and thence continues over Hill 130 to south of Bouchavesnes.

Great gatherings of enemy troops reported north of Sallisel were caught by the concentrated fire of our batteries.

There were violent artillery duels south of the Somme and on the right of the Meuse.

ADVANCE NORTH-EAST OF EAUCOURT.

SUCCESSFUL RAID ON ENEMY TRENCHTS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

A British communiqué says, we advanced our position north-east of Eaucourt L'Abbaye. There was considerable artillery activity during the night south of the river Ancre.

We discharged gas east of Loos and east of Armentieres. Three raiding parties successfully entered the enemy trenches in the Loos area and two south of Arras.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

LARGE CAPTURES OF GUNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

A British communiqué says, there is little noteworthy except enemy shelling in the Gueudecourt neighbourhood.

Two enemy counter-attacks in the Thiepval area were severely handled and repulsed.

Between July 1st and September 30th, besides much other material, we captured or recovered on the Somme battle-field 29 heavy guns and howitzers, 92 field-guns and howitzers, 103 trench guns and 397 machine-guns.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

HEAVY SHELLING SOUTH OF ANCRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 7.

General Haig in last night's communiqué says:—There was heavy shelling on most of our front south of the Ancre. Our artillery successfully dealt with enemy working parties. There is nothing to report elsewhere.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BOMBING ATTACKS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 7.

This afternoon's communiqué from General Haig says: We completely repulsed bombing attacks against the new position north-east of Eaucourt L'Abbaye. Otherwise nothing important occurred.

We made successful raids in the areas of Loos and Armentieres.

SLIGHT ADVANCE EAST OF BOUCHAVESNES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 7.

Last night's communiqué says: There was a sharp artillery duel on both the banks of the Somme. There was no infantry action except slight advance east of Bouchavesnes.

The French heavy artillery shelled enemy roads and stations in Woevre.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

RECIPROCAL ARTILLERY FIRING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 6.

A communiqué says, north of the Somme there was reciprocal artillery fire.

There was fairly great reciprocal artillery firing in the region of Verdun. The enemy bombarded Poivre Hill and Laufre wood.

In spite of unfavourable weather aeroplanes were busy pursuing hostile machines and reconnoitring.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

A CALM NIGHT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 7.

This afternoon's communiqué says on the Somme the night was comparatively calm.

FIERCE BATTLE SOUTH OF BRODY

RUSSIAN SUCCESSES IN BRZEZANY REGION.

ADVANCE ON CAUCASUS FRONT CONTINUES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

A Russian communiqué says, in the direction of Zloczow, 20 miles south of Brody, a fierce battle is proceeding. The enemy is obstinately resisting. We have taken 550 prisoners here.

We have captured some enemy positions in the region south of Brzezany, subsequently repelling repeated German and Turkish counter-attacks.

We continued to advance on the coastal front in the Caucasus towards the Karahutdarasi River.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

GENERAL BRUSSILOFF'S CAMPAIGN.

NEW BATTLE DEVELOPING IN NORTHERN GALICIA,

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PETROGRAD, Oct. 7.

The public here is warned not to expect rapid developments in Volhynia and Galicia as the weather is unfavourable owing to rain, sleet and snow, while the enemy is concentrating his main forces and reserves there. Consequently every yard of the Russian advance will be contested, but it is intimated that there is hopeful prospect of early and decisive successes in the Balkans, especially if General Sarrail's rear can be secured by the adhesion of Greece to the Entente.

General Brussiloff, whose operations are closely connected with the Roumanian position, has now transferred his chief activity from Volhynia to Northern Galicia and a new battle is developing on a semi-circular front of 25 miles between Brody and Tarnopol railways where they converge towards Lemberg. Here General Sakharoff's troops are opposed by Boehm-Ermolli, who is resisting desperately. The revival of the fighting at Brzezany, further south, is due to repeated Russian attacks against positions defended by a labyrinth of fallen trees, the trunks and branches of which are plaited with barbed wire. Some of these positions have been captured.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

DESPERATE FIGHTING IN DOBRUDJA.

INITIATIVE RECOVERED BY ALLIES.

CO-OPERATION OF RUSSIAN GUNBOATS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PETROGRAD, Oct. 7.

It is reported that the King of Roumania has congratulated General Averescu on the brilliant results of his raid on the Bulgarian rear. The enemy in Dobrudja is fearful regarding the safety of his flanks and has made a desperate counter-attack to prevent them from being turned by the Allied cavalry.

Russian gun-boats on the Danube have shelled the Bulgarian left from Rassova while the Russians are advancing on a front which is now clearly defined as extending from Rassova to Perveli on the Black Sea, 18 miles south of Constanza. Thus the Allies have recovered the initiative in the Dobrudja.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

ROUMANIAN SITUATION.

MACKENSEN RECOILING UNDER STEADY PRESSURE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Information regarding the complicated and constantly changing Roumanian military situation is meagre but sufficient to confirm the anticipation that Roumanian prowess, skill and prompt counter-strokes to Mackensen's initial success in Dobrudja and Falkenhayn's blow at Hermannstadt have foiled the enemy attempt to arrest the bold offensive in the Carpathians.

The Roumanian withdrawal from Fogaras, between Hermannstadt and Brasso, which was announced in a German communiqué, is not considered important as the Roumanians have already shown their competence to call halt to Falkenhayn when situation demands.

It is possible that the Roumanians' in co-operation with the victorious Allied advance in Macedonia are now exerting their chief strength in Dobrudja where Mackensen is recoiling under the steady pressure of the Russians and Roumanians.

It is now shown that the Roumanian crossing of the Danube was merely a daring raid on Mackensen's rear, quite in keeping with General Avarescu's reputation for audacity and resource.

Enemy accounts of this stroke are amusingly contradictory, a Bulgarian communiqué asserting that the Roumanians were surrounded, while a German communiqué said that the Roumanians had avoided encircling an attack by the Bulgarians and the Germans.

RUSSO-ROUMANIAN PROGRESS IN DOBRUDJA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

BUKHAREST, Oct. 6.

A communiqué says, the Russians and Rumanians are making progress in the centre and on the left in the Dobrudja. It admits retirement in the region of Fogaras.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

ROUMANIANS CROSSING THE DANUBE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Oct. 8.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special correspondent cables:—

London, Oct. 5.—According to a Rome wireless message the crossing of the Danube by the Roumanians continues.

MESOPOTAMIAN SITUATION UNCHANGED.

ENEMY CAMP AT KUT-EL-AMARA BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

A Mesopotamia communiqué says the situation is unchanged. Our aeroplanes bombed the enemy camp at Kut-el-Amara.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

NEW ZEALAND PREMIER ARRIVES IN LONDON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The New Zealand Premier, Mr. Massey, and the Minister, Sir Joseph Ward, have arrived in London, via Panama Canal, on a visit to the front in France.

MACEDONIAN OFFENSIVE.

VIOLENT FIGHTING IN CERNA REGION.

ENEMY RETREATING ON THE STRUMA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Oct. 6.

An official message from Salonika says, the enemy are retreating before the British on the Struma.

Violent fighting is proceeding along the entire Megzeli, Kenali, Gradsnica front in the Cerna region.

Our aircraft displayed great activity over the enemy's railway lines.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SERBIAN OFFENSIVE DEVELOPING.

FRENCH OCCUPY BERLIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

SALONIKA, Oct. 7.

The Italians joined in the attack in the region of Lake Butkovo.

The Serbian offensive is developing on the Vetrenik and Sokol heights and advanced detachments have reached the Belavoda Valley.

The French have occupied Berlin on the banks of Lake Prespa.

ALLIES WITHIN TEN MILES OF MONASTIR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 5.

The Allied forces in Macedonia advancing on the line between Kajmakalan and Florina have broken the Bulgarian defences on a wide front and reached a crescent-shaped line, which at its extreme curve at Kenali is within ten miles of Monastir.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BRITISH OCCUPY NEVOLJEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

A British official message from Salonika says, we have occupied Nevoljen without loss. The enemy evacuated the place when we began the bombardment. The enemy is inactive elsewhere on the Struma front. We took 342 prisoners in the recent operations.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BRITISH OCCUPY FIVE MORE VILLAGES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 7.

A British communiqué from Salonika says enemy attacks on Nevoljen were repulsed. We occupied five more villages on the Struma front.

BULGARIAN LOSSES FIVE TIMES BRITISH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Oct. 7.

The "C. & M. Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London, October 5.—The "Le Petit Parisien" states the Bulgarian losses on the Struma were five times as great as the British. The latter threaten the Rupelseres railway. M. Marcel Hutin says the Bulgarians have prepared a line of resistence 4½ miles south of Monastir.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

NAVAL AEROPLANE ATTACKS ON BULGARIAN COAST.

DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS BOMBED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

The Admiralty communiqué describes the series of naval aeroplane attacks on the Bulgarian coast between the 13th and the 23rd September.

They included the bombing of the Bulgarian divisional headquarters at Bademli. After this, the headquarters were removed but again discovered three days later and again bombed, when there was a great explosion and fire.

Other aeroplanes attacked the transport columns and troops on march, stations, railways, etc.

IRELAND AND CONSCRIPTION.

MR. REDMOND ON HOME RULE PROSPECTS.

FRIENDLY SETTLEMENT WITH ULSTER DESIRED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Mr. Redmond, speaking at Waterford, declared that conscription in Ireland would be fatal and would not produce additional men. Voluntaryism was not dead. Ireland's attitude to the war was unchanged and she would do nothing calculated to postpone victory. While he was dead against conscription, it would be a disgrace to Ireland if Irishmen fighting at the front were left in the lurch and Irishmen did not come to their assistance.

Mr. Redmond said that the rebellion had struck a bad blow at the hopes of Ireland. The constitutional movement must proceed, but it could not proceed as if nothing had happened. He advocated the withdrawal of martial law and the administering of the Defence of the Realm Act in Ireland in the same spirit as in Britain. He desired a friendly and peaceful settlement with Ulster on the subject of Home Rule.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

NEED OF MORE MEN.

FURTHER DILUTION OF LABOUR RECOMMENDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

In connection with the question of finding fresh supplies of men urgently needed for the Army and munition work, the Man Power Distribution Board recommends more dilution of labour and the diversion of a large part of labour engaged on private work to the Army or munition work. It points out that 400,000 men are temporarily exempted and 200,000 appeals are pending.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SIR W. ROBERTSON'S APPEAL.

WARM RESPONSE ANTICIPATED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Sir William Robertson's speech at Dalderby on the 4th continues to be the topic of conversation. It is generally thought that the country will respond warmly to the appeal of the General, who is described as rapidly taking a firm hold on the public affection.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

LESSONS OF BATTLE OF SOMME.

GERMAN GENERAL'S VIEWS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters quotes passages from a voluminous report by General von Arnim, commanding the fourth army corps, on the lessons of the battle of the Somme.

The report, which was captured by our troops, says British infantry have learned much since the Autumn offensive and shows great dash in attack. The men also have physique and training in their favour. It was striking how the enemy assembled and brought large bodies into fire, moreover the skill with which the English rapidly consolidated the positions must be acknowledged. The British infantry show great tenacity in defence, especially in the case of small parties which are difficult to drive out of the corner of a wood or from a group of houses.

Von Arnim also pays a tribute to the highly methodical work of artillery, assisted by well organised aerial observation. The intensity of British gun fire made the selection of battery positions difficult. Finally it was found best to select concealed sites in open country. Von Arnim explains the necessity for holding front trenches lightly with good men and machine-guns. Supports must be ready close to the foremost line to rush up and reinforce any insufficiency of supplies, munitions, transport and food.

WONDERFUL GERMAN CATACOMBS.

SHELTER THOUSANDS OF TROOPS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Reuter's correspondent with the French army, describing the wonderful catacombs at Chilly, says they are forty feet down and could shelter thousands of troops. The elaborateness showed that the Germans regarded the place as indispensable as the flanking post for Chaulnes. The main passage in underground places was six feet wide and the walls were solidly supported by timber and iron. The air in big ventilation pipes was kept moving by electric motors. There were electric light and bells throughout. When the French arrived the Germans were installing a drainage system.

The French swept over the whole place in a single wave, subsequently inducing those underground to surrender.

IMPERIAL RECONSTRUCTION.

DOMINION LEADERS' VIEWS

INDIA AND EGYPT SHOULD BE REPRESENTED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

The "Daily Maill" publishes the views of the Dominion leaders on the problem of Empire after the war and says that opinion is unanimous that the Motherland should move now in the direction of Imperial reconstruction.

The High Commissioner for South Africa and the Agent-General for Tasmania consider that India and Egypt should be specially represented along with the Dominions and the colonies at a conference after the war.

RKS CAPTURED IN CANAL REGION.

ENEMY CAMPS NEAR EL ARISH BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

General Murray reports that on the morning of the 4th October an Australian mounted patrol captured Turks and camels near Bir-el-Bayoud.

Our aeroplanes successfully bombed the ene[illegible]s in the neighbourhood of El Arish. It appears that our recent air attacks on the enemy aerodrome at El Arish compelled the enemy to move his machines and hangars thence.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

GREEK CABINET CRISIS.

KING CONSTANTINE'S OBSTINACY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

A telegram from Athens says, in view of the silence of the Entente representatives, M. Kalogeropoulos sounded M. Briand through the Greek Minister in Paris regarding the conditions of Allied acceptance of Greece's military adhesion. M. Briand is said to have replied that if the King personally declared war on Bulgaria the Allies would aid Greece. Hence the majority of the cabinet decided in favour of war, but the King's disagreement caused the resignation.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

CAPTURED ZEPPELIN.

UNDER CLOSE EXAMINATION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

Reuter's representative visited the Zeppelin captured in Essex on September 23rd.

He found that barring external injuries to aluminium trellis, inevitable after the descent of so monstrous a machine, the Zeppelin was practically intact.

It is still under close examination by experts who are studying every detail. There are four gondolas, of which one contains three engines and others one each of 240 horse power.

The captain's cabin with all controls, including the control for bomb dropping adjacent to the wireless room enclosed in cotton wool, is uninjured.

WAR PENSIONS.

A COMMITTEE OF ENQUIRY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

It is understood that the Cabinet has appointed a committee to enquire into the whole question of war pensions and their administration.

RAILWAY IN CHINA.

CONSTRUCTION UNDERTAKEN BY AMERICAN CONTRACTERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PEKING, Oct. 6.

The American contractors Messrs. Seems and Carey, supported by the American International Corporation, have concluded an agreement with the Chinese Government to construct and finance two thousand miles of railways at a cost of twenty millions sterling, in Shansi, Kansu, Hunan, Kwangsi, Kwangtung and Chekiang.

CAPTAIN CASSEL M. P.

APPOINTED JUDGE-ADVOCATE GENERAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 6.

It is officially announced that Captain Cassel, M.P., has been appointed Judge-Advocate-General.

BRITISH SUPREMACY IN AIR.

GERMAN TRIBUTE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 8.

The "Pioneer's" special correspondent cables:—

London, October 6.—Copious extracts now published from a secret report by one of Prince Rupprecht's Army Corps Commanders on the Allies' Somme attacks during July, point out very numerous opportunities for an improvement on the German side while it complains that the means for providing artillery with aerial observation proved insufficient.

It pays a most gratifying tribute to our air service and exactly confirms what the British reports have said concerning the character and the effects of our bombardment of the German line, and to quote the report, "places beyond doubt the numerical superiority of the enemy's airmen."

"The fact that their machines were better was made disagreeably apparent, particularly in their direction of the enemy's artillery fire and in bomb dropping.

"The enemy's airmen were often able to fire successfully on our troops by descending to a height of a few hundred metres. German anti-aircraft guns could not continue firing without exposing our troops to serious danger from shell fragments.

"One lesson from this surprisingly bold procedure of the English airmen is that the infantry make too little use of their rifles against aircraft."

No mention is made of the general scarcity of artillery ammunition but local scarcity was always felt. Suggestions are made for improving the arrangements for bringing it from detraining stations.

The correspondent sending these extracts, points out that the whole report is defensive and breathes the spirit of a soldier resisting an enemy of superior strength.

SIR ERIC GEDDES.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF MILITARY RAILWAYS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 7.

It is officially announced that Sir Eric Geddes, formerly in railway service in India, has been appointed Director-General of Military Railways. He will act as Deputy Quarter-Master General in matters affecting transport services, and will also direct and organise such services in France under General Haig.

DEATH OF SIR RICHARD AWDRY.

EX-ACCOUNTANT GENERAL OF ROYAL NAVY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 5.

The death is announced of Sir Richard ethst heaaiai u nuan etoiaianaunotaoia nu Awdry.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

A COMPLAINT FROM LANCASHIRE.

DANGER TO TRADE FROM FURTHER DEPLETION OF STAFFS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 5.

Delegates from Lancashire Cotton Operatives and Employers waited on Mr. McLeod, Chairman of the Reserved Occupations Committee of the Board of Trade, to-day, and urged that any further depletion of staffs would threaten to bring the trade to a standstill. Mr. McLeod promised to give the matter his careful consideration.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BRITISH PRISONERS INTERNED IN SWITZERLAND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Oct. 7.

The "C. & M. Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London, October 5.—The first party of wives of British prisoners interned in Switzerland have arrived on a short visit. —*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BELGIUM DENUDED OF GERMAN RESERVES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Oct. 7.

The "C. & M. Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London, October 5.—The "Echo Belge" states that Belgium is so denuded of German reserves that a Dutchman penetrated to Herenthals without meeting a patrol.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

The long distance swimming championship of the River Medway finished in the darkness on the night of Aug. 30. The course was nine miles, the winning point being off Rochester Bridge. There were nineteen competitors, including several non-commissioned officers. The winner, Miss Gladys Wright, completed the distance in three hours six minutes, despite very unfavourable climatic conditions, defeating Staff Quartermaster-Sergeant Hamper, the second best, by nearly half an hour. Only three completed the distance.

MAHOMEDAN ELECTION ENQUIRY.

FURTHER EVIDENCE RECORDED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Oct. 8.

Mr. Percival, District Judge, on Saturday, resumed the enquiry into the allegation of bribery in connection with the validity of the election of the Hon. Mr. Jinnah to the Imperial Council.

The Hon. Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Ghaswala appeared for the defence, Khan Bahadur S. C. Davar for Mr. Ebrahim Haroon and Mr. Binning for Mr. Rafiudin Ahmed.

Gulam Mohmed Shaikh Ebrahim Hakim, Extra Recruiting Officer and an ex-overseer in the P. W. D., said that he knew Gulam Ahmed for the past 12 or 13 years. Witness was a relative of the Hon. Mr. Pathan. He related the circumstances attending the arrival of the Hon. Mr. Pathan in Poona on the 20th June for the Council meeting, his going to the Peerbhoy Mansions and to Gulam Ahmed telling him about Mr. Ebrahim Haroon giving Rs. 500 in order to influence Mr. Pathan's vote for Mr. Jinnah. Witness did not see the notes. On the 9th August witness saw Gulam Ahmed at Mr. Rafiudin's house when the latter told him that he had come to give in writing the story of the Rs. 500.

Continuing the witness said that on the 17th June Gulam Ahmed came to him and told him that Mr. Pathan was danegrously ill and had sent him a wire to go and see him at Dharwar and that as witness was his relative he could go with him. Gulam came to see him on that occasion in Poona. He left for Dharwar on the 17th evening as he had received leave for Monday. Witness went and lived with Mr. Pathan at Dharwar. He saw Mr. Rafiudin on the evening of the 17th. Before the train left Mr. Rafiudin asked him to find out if Mr. Pathan was fit to come to Poona as he had promised him his vote. Mr. Rafiudin told him that Mr. Pathan was to be his guest. Mr. Pathan was convalescent when he saw him. Mr. Pathan, Gulam Ahmed and witness arrived in Poona on the morning of the 28th June. Witness wrote to Mr. Rafiudin from Dharwar telling him to make arrangements for Mr. Pathan's stay in Poona.

Mr. Jinnah objected to the fact of this letter going on record unless the letter was produced.

Mr. Binning said the letter could not be produced but as Mr. Rafiudin would go into the witness box he would be asked about its receipt.

AT PEERBHOY MANSIONS.

Witness then detailed what happened on the railway station when Mr. Pathan was taken away to the Peerbhoy Mansions by Mr. Ebrahim Haroon in a carriage. Witness said that he protested saying that Mr. Pathan was to be Mr. Rafiudin's guest. Gulam Ahmed also said the same. Ebrahim said that he had some important work to do and after that Mr. Pathan would come. Gulam Ahmed also went in the same carriage towards the Bund Gardens. Omer Sahib and witness took another carriage and followed them. Their carriage remained at the gate of the Peerbhoy Mansions where they got out. While they were paying the fare Mr. Jinnah came in a motor car and he went into the house upstairs. Witness and Oomer Sahib also went upstairs but remained in the gallery. They could see Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Pathan and others in the room. After a few minutes Oomer Sahib told witness to go and inform Mr. Rafiudin that there was some "gudbud" going on. He went to Mr. Rafiudin's house but not finding him there left a message that Mr. Pathan had arrived and had been taken to the Peerbhoy Mansions and Gulam Ahmed Oomer Sahib and Gulam Ahmed bhoy Mansions at 3 p.m. and saw talking together. He asked the former what had happened and Gulam Ahmed said Mr. Ebrahim and Mr. Jinnah were making great efforts to secure Mr. Pathan's vote and Mr. Ebrahim had given Rs. 500 to secure Mr. Pathan's vote. Witness did not see the notes but Gulam said Oomer had seen them and the latter agreed to it. Mr. Rafiudin came there soon after and took Mr. Pathan's luggage to Mr. Rafiudin's house. Witness went with the luggage only as far as the Peerbhoy Mansions gate and then went to the station. About 8-30 p.m. he went to Mr. Rafiudin's house to see if Mr. Pathan was comfortable. Witness asked Mr. Rafiudin if he had heard about the Rs. 500 notes. He next saw Gulam Ahmed at Mr. Rafiudin's house on 9th August. Gulam Ahmed said he had come there to give in writing about the Rs. 500 notes and that he had done so on the previous evening. He saw Sardar Ahmed Ali Khan there at that time.

OOMER SAHIB CROSS-EXAMINED.

As Gulam Ahmed's letter had been received from the Cantonment Magistrate's Court witness Oomer Sahib was recalled and cross-examined by Mr. Jinnah. Witness said that he knew Mr. Ebrahim Haroon and also Mr. Rafiudin for the past 45 years. He was not friendly with Mr. Rafiudin. Mr. Ebrahim had left the room at the Peerbhoy Mansions about 8 or 10 minutes before witness had his talk with Gulam Ahmed about the Rs. 500. He did not see a gentleman dressed in European clothes come to see Mr. Pathan after Mr. Jinnah left. It was true that as soon as Mr. Jinnah left Mr. Ebrahim came out of Mr. Pathan's room with Gulam Ahmed and both afterwards returned to Mr. Pathan's room. Witness went further up to the corner of the gallery so as to see them. Witness' conversation with Gulam Ahmed lasted five or seven minutes. Witness did not see the Hon. Mr. Setalwad going to see Mr. Pathan. He had never worked for Mr. Rafiudin in other elections nor in this. He had never gone to the station to bring passengers to Mr. Rafiudin's house. He did not know Abdul Rashid He was prepared to deny that Mr. Abdul Rashid was present during the interview between Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Pathan.

Mr. Jinnah here remarked that he did not know the gentleman's name then but subsequently learnt it.

Continuing witness said that Mr. Rashid was Assistant Superintendent of Police in Satara Witness denied that Mr. Abdul Rashid was in carriage. He had no instructions to take Hakim with Mr. Pathan's party to Mr. Rafiudin's house. Witness could not say if a decree for Rs. 2,300 had been passed against him and his brothers or if instalments of Rs. 45 had been asked for on his behalf. Witness did not enquire what writing Gulam Ahmed told him he had come to give Mr. Rafiudin. He had no talk with Gulam Ahmed about the letter until Mr. Salaudin and Resaldar Major Monahar came up. The talk about the letter took place about 8-30. No draft of the letter was prepared. It was not a fact that he had been sent for by Mr. Rafiudin as a letter had to be taken from Gulam Ahmed. He would be surprised to hear that Gulam Ahmed had filed a statement that the writing had been obtained from him by coercion.

To the Court witness said that when Gulam Ahmed spoke to him about the notes he said that he would return them. When he met him on 8th August he said that he had returned the notes but he did not state the time that he had returned them. They asked Gulam Ahmed to write a correct account of the story of the notes and he wrote the letter.

OUDH JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 8.

Legislation affecting the constitution of the Oudh Judicial Commissioner's Court is to be introduced at the meeting of the United Provinces Legislative Council on the 11th November. The amendment now proposed permits the appointment of a third Additional Judicial Commissioner and with a view to obviate the necessity of a further amendment in future power is also to be taken in the present amending bill to appoint "three or more" Additional Judicial Commissioners. At the same time the Local Government is to be empowered to make temporary appointments in the Judicial Commissioner's Court without reference to the Government of India.

PROVISIONAL CENSUS OF BUSRA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Oct. 8.

A provisional census has been taken at Busra by means of house to house visitation. It shows the population to be about 28,000 or with the suburban villages 36,000. The population is shown to comprise the following nationalities:—Arabs, 20,498; Jews, 3,347; Christians 1,350; European civilians 116; other nationalities. 2,812. Other nationalities include Indians, Turks, Persians, Kurds, Soudanese, a few Levantines, Greeks and Russians.

VICTORY DRAWING NEAR.

GENERAL KUROPATKIN'S VIEWS.

M. Ludovie Naudeau has published in the "Temps" an interview with General Kuropatkin on the eve of the latter's leaving Petrograd to take up his appointment as general in command of the troops in Turkestan. General Kuropatkin stated that he regarded the present moment as probably the most important in the war—as a moment, in fact, of a psychological crisis. After two years' hostilities, he points out, some feeling in favour of a compromise might have been expected. Any suggestion of peace, however, that would enable the Germans to hug the illusion that they had not been completely defeated would be disastrous. General Kuropatkin proceeded.

No peace is possible at the present moment, and it is useless to speak of what is neither realisable nor conceivable. The time will come when our present enemies will find themselves obliged to submit to our will and to admit themselves beaten. They will break up suddenly. All that is necessary is for us to continue without hesitation, and without admitting the possibility of our not being able to continue. That is essential. We must realise that the years through which we are now living are among the most important in the history of the world. All the errors and all the weaknesses committed now may have their effect for centuries, and may weigh cruelly on the destiny of peoples. The numerical superiority of the Allies is increasing daily, their moral superiority is every day growing stronger, and the practical methods that are the consequence of technical organisation are tending to an equality, with the result that in this respect the Allies are becoming as powerful as their adversaries.

If you consider further the enormous superiority in economic resources possessed by the Quadruple Entente, how can one doubt that the Central Powers are condemned to collapse?

GERMANS AS FIGHTERS.

General Kuropatkin in the course of the interview compares the difference of character in the ranks of the enemies, and stated:—

The German *moral* is far superior to that of the Austrians. They resist and continue to fight in conditions where their Allies unconcernedly fly or surrender. That makes all the difference. Two or three resolute men sheltered in a strong blockhouse armed with a machine gun and an enormous quantity of cartridges, can easily stop a battalion and cut it in pieces. Then the destruction of the blockhouse becomes a question for the artillery. The Germans, it is needless to say, are far more capable of this kind of determined resistance than are the Austrians, for usually the latter, as soon as they realise that their barbed wire defences have been broken through, are ready to yield and bolt. But the German *moral* is lower than it was, and it is easy to see that they are no longer what they were.

You must realise that you are using immense quantities of ammunition, while we are using immense quantities of men. These two elements must be co-ordinated. The decisive advance against the Germans will be made by a force that, after having expended enormous quantities of ammunition will be ready at once to employ enormous quantities of men. We have the men, and they are determined to die for their country. Emphasise it in France and England that all we need are projectiles and large guns. For the rest, you can be assured that we know our ground and can look after ourselves. Our internal production is increasing every day, it is true, but the more you supplement it the better. Keep sending us more and more and more shells. That is all we ask—the material necessary to allow us to do our work. Enable our huge masses of infantry to cut their way through, and, apart from that, rely on us for all that regards our front. Remember that every time you send us a cargo of shells you are saving the lives of thousands of brave Russian peasants, who love you without knowing you, and in any case are ready there with you.

AN ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

'Last night for reasons unknown, a young girl, Alice Bell threw herself from the 1st floor of No. 3, Main St."—*Anywhere Gazette*

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CRITICS OF THE BLOCKADE.

A CHARGE EXAMINED.

The War Trade Statistical Department published on Sept. 13th a memorandum regarding certain statistics quoted in the "Daily Mail" of the 8th September on the subject of the increase in the exports of the United States to neutral European countries, in the course of which they say:—

Figures are quoted from the United States trade returns showing the exports from that country to the neutral European countries have increased enormously since the outbreak of war. Thus, exports to Norway are shown as having amounted to £10,735,000 in the year ended 30th June, 1916, as compared with £1,813,400 in the year ended 30th June, 1914. The underlying suggestion made in the "Daily Mail" is that this increase in exports to countries contiguous to Germany is susceptible to one explanation only—viz., that the increase represents goods which are going to neutral countries *en route* for Germany.

An elementary examination of the subject would show that there are many factors now in operation, all tending to cause legitimate increase in the imports of neutral countries from other neutral countries. By far the most important of those considerations is the fact that the markets of belligerent countries, and particularly of Germany, are now to a large extent closed, and that, in so far as supplies were formerly obtained from those countries, they must now be obtained from other countries. The only true test as to whether or no the imports of neutral countries are now excessive is to be found in a comparison of their present and pre-war imports from all sources. Statistics of this nature are in the possession of H. M. Government, and they show conclusively that the large increase in imports from the United States can only be due to the redistribution of the sources of supply which has been one of the consequences of the war.

As the relative increase in United States exports is greater in the case of Norway than in any of the other neutral countries of Northern Europe, an analysis has been made of the exports from the United States to that country of the following articles—viz., corn, meat, sugar, and manufactured cotton.

The following table compares the values of imports of each of those commodities into Norway from the United States in the years ended 30th June, 1914* and 1916:—

	1914. Tons.	1916. Tons.	1914. £	1916. £
Corn	27,000	395,000	300,000	4,236,000
Meat	2,300	12,700	143,000	807,000
Sugar & syrup	3,900	53,800	18,000	1,694,000
Cotton	600	2,900	37,000	164,000
	33,800	464,400	498,000	6,301,000

*Figures for the year ended 30th June, 1914, were not available for some commodities, and in these cases the figures for the year 1913 have been used.

It will be seen from this table that of the total increase of £8,900,000 shown in the exports of all goods from the United States to Norway no less than £5,800,000 is accounted for by the commodities above mentioned.

In normal years Norway obtained the bulk of her imported corn from Germany and Russia. It is definitely known that the whole Russian supply to Norway has ceased and that the export of corn from England has shrunk to negligible dimensions. Germany may obviously be left out of account as a possible source of present supply. Those supplies being no longer available, Norway was faced with a prospective shortage of some 367,600 tons of corn, and it is not surprising that she turned to other sources of supply in order to prevent this prospective shortage materialising into an actuality. For many reasons the United States was in a favourable position to secure this trade, and, as shown above, the imports into Norway from the United States during the year ended 30th June, 1916, increased by 368,000 tons, or almost exactly the amount of 367,600 tons which Norway imported from Russia, England, and Germany in 1913.

The memorandum also gives statistics of the meat, sugar, and cotton imports to illustrate the same point.

MISS MAUD ALLAN.

TO MARRY MR. LEO. CHERNIAVSKY.

Some few months ago, says the "Daily Telegraph," the news was wafted across the Atlantic that Miss Maud Allan was lying dangerously ill in America. The report, unfortunately, proved true. An immediate operation for appendicitis was, however, followed by a speedy recovery, and shortly afterwards Miss Allan came to England in order to fulfil an engagement involving her appearance at His Majesty's. That intention health considerations prevented her from realising, and only the other day the popular dancer once more sailed for the United States.

A two-fold purpose takes her across the Atlantic. The more romantic aspect of it is that shortly after her arrival she is to be married. The prospective bride-groom is Mr. Leo. Cherniavsky, an accomplished young violinist, just turned 27, and a member of the well-known Cherniavsky Trio, which is completed by his two brothers, the one a 'cellist and the other a pianist. The trio appeared at the Queen's Hall four years ago, and there created an exceedingly favourable impression.

Subsequently they were secured by Mr. Angus McLeod to accompany Miss Maud Allan on her tour through Australia, India, and the Far East. When that came to an end Miss Allan herself entered into an arrangement to take them to Canada, and to run them there herself. When, on account of her illness, she was compelled to abandon work the three brothers proceeded on a tour of their own, visiting some of the principal cities in the Dominion and in America. There Miss Allan is now to rejoin them, and, the wedding ceremony over—it is to take place "somewhere in the Middle West"—she will resume dancing, thus restoring the little company to its original strength.

ACCOUNTS WITH GERMANS.

LARGE BALANCE OF ASSETS IN ENGLAND.

An official at the Public Trustee's office gave the Londons News Agency some interesting information in reference to the Royal proclamation requiring returns to be made of British property in enemy territory and claims by British subjects against enemy persons.

For the past six months, he said, we have been making a record of these figures, but they were now compulsory under the Trading with the Enemy Acts. The purpose of the proclamation is to obtain returns from those who have not already taken advantage of the voluntary system. At the moment, as our published returns have shown, there is a balance on our figures of approximately £25,000,000 in favour of this country—that is, enemy persons and firms own in this country in shares, bank balances, &c., £25,000,000 more than British persons own in enemy countries. Of course that ensures the payment of all debts due from enemy persons. While the recording system was voluntary, it was not satisfactory to rely on that apparent balance, because there was no obligation on a man to return his property in enemy countries. Now the proclamation makes it compulsory for him to do so, and any further returns coming in will reduce the balance of 25 millions. Claims against enemy Governments are being dealt with by the Foreign Office. No penalty is fixed by the proclamation, for the simple reason that one cannot fix penalties by proclamation, but it is assumed that those fixed by the Trading with the Enemy Acts will apply.

It was added that a statement will be put before the Cabinet showing pretty definitely what the corresponding positions are, and it will then be for the members in the House, as representing the people to whom money is due from enemy countries, to insist on the Government undertaking that no enemy property shall be allowed to go out of this country until the rights of British persons against enemy countries have been secured.

The death is announced of Mr. Dan O'Brien, who rode the winner of the Sydney Derby in 1865. Mr. O'Brien bought Carbine, the greatest racer ever produced in Australasia as a yearling. In addition to carrying off two champion races (3 miles), Carbine won all the principal weight-for-age races, and also the Melbourne Cup, (carrying 10st. 5lb.) as a five-year-old. He had also run second a year previously, when he carried, 10st. Among his other achievements were two victories in the Sydney Cup. He was a sire of Wallace, another animal who has made history in Australia. Subsequently Carbine was purchased by the Duke of Portland for 13,000 guineas. Mr. J. B. Haggin was also desirous of obtaining possession of the Australian, who stood at Welbeck for some years and sired several good winners, chief of which was Spearm'nt who won the Derby of 1906 for Major Eustace Loder.

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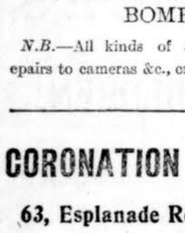

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CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Major C A W Anderson, North Staffords.
Major T M D Bathe, Irish Guards.
Second-Lieut A C Batho, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut R P Baxter, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut T Black, Sherwoods.
Major G D Browne, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut N Butler, Irish Guards.
Lieut A S Carey, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut H L Cooper, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut A M Copping, London.
Captain Cubitt, Coldstreams.
Captain L Davies, Londons.
Lieut W G Edmonstone, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut M S Frayling, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R A Gault, Grenadiers.
Captain G A Gaze, Londons.
Lieut E E Grimwade, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Captain H W Hanbury, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut R J Harris, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut G S Hill, Londons.
Second-Lieut G Hoole, Londons.
Second-Lieut G R Jury, Londons.
Second-Lieut J G Kennedy, Leicesters.
Captain G R Lane, Coldstreams.
Captain C J Maclaverty, Shropshire L I.
Lieut H C Maynard, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut S W Moult, Sherwoods.
Lieut A S H Pinder, Leicesters.
Captain A Roberts, Londons.
Captain T Rushworth, Londons.
Second-Lieut H E Scarlett, Londons.
Second-Lieut S F Snowdon, Londons.
Second-Lieut J R Stagg, Middlesex.
Lieut H F Stapleton, Londons.
Second-Lieut F L Starling, Londons.
Second-Lieut D P Starr, Coldstreams.
Lieut M Tennant, Scots Guards.
Captain H B Thompson, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut H G B Taylor, Middlesex.
Captain C E Tufnell, Coldstreams.
Major G E Vaughan, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut J C Webb, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut F D Westoby, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut J E Whitehead, Middlesex.
Lieut H H C Williamson, Coldstreams.
Lieut W G Woodroffe, Middlesex.
Captain R J Wooster, Medicals.
Lieut W R F Wyley, Field Artillery.

NOW KILLED.

Lieut J T Henderson, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut K Patrick, Highland L I.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut W L Pardey, South Lancashires.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut A D Adams, Border Regiment.
Captain D Akenhead, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut C V Alder, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut W N Allan, Gordons.
Second-Lieut H G Allison, Durham L I.
Lieut H L Ambler, Field Artillery.
Captain J A Andrews, Medicals.
Captain H G G Ashton, Welsh Guards.
Second-Lieut R C Barnes, Londons.
Lieut R S Baugh, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut A J B Begg, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut J E Beningfield, Field Artillery.
Captain R C Bingham, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut W Blacklock, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut O P T N Blake, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A F Bond, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Brace, Liverpools.
Lieut S E J Brady, Londons.
Captain T W Brooke, Londons.
Second-Lieut G R Brown, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut R D Browne, Northumberlands.
Major B G Bryant, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut R P Burns, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut H Burrell, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut H J Calder, Londons.
Second-Lieut W H Calnan, Londons.
Second-Lieut J A Campbell, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut L G Carr, Londons.
Second-Lieut W F Carruthers, Londons.
Second-Lieut A J Cathie, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J W Chapman, Londons.
Second-Lieut D F Charlton, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut M D Child, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut J H Clarke, Cornwalls L I.
Captain C W Clout, Londons.
Captain J W Cook, Durham L I.
Lieut A P Cooper, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieu F H Crawford, Londons.
Captain L N L Davidson, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut T H C Davis, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R P Dent, Durham L I.
Lieut J E De Salis Count, Irish Guards.
Captain F Dingley, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut G D Dodds, Durham L I.
Captain P W Downs, Londons.
Second-Lieut N M C Dudley, Liverpools.
Captain K F W Dunn, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C H Eldred, Argyll and Sutherlands.
Lieut-Colonel W E W Elkington, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut F H Ely, Londons.
Second-Lieut P Fallon Londons.
Second-Lieut R S Forrest, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut G H A Fowler, Middlesex.
Captain T G C Garrard, Londons.
Second-Lieut S A Gomez, Dorsets.
Major D G Gordon Lord, Gordons.
Captain H C Gordon, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut S R Gordon-Forster, Londons.
Second-Lieut J R Graham, Field Artillery.
Lieut P F Grant, Field Artillery.
Captain J Green, Medicals.
Major F H Gunner, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut W Harragin, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H L Harrison, Yorkshires.
Captain J D Hartley, Londons.
Second-Lieut T W D Hay, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut G W E Heath, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C R S Hill, Dorsets.
Lieut C E Hopkinson, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut W A S Houslop, Londons.
Captain C R M Huchison, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut D F Huggins Londons.
Lieut J H Jackson, Londons.
Captain E G James, Shropshire L I.
Captain E S Johnson, Medicals.
Second-Lieut S Johnson, Londons.
Captain W M P Johnstone, Field Artillery.
Lieut E A Jones, Middlesex.
Captain V H Jordan, Londons.
Second-Lieut W Joy, East Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut V F Kelly, Londons.
Second-Lieut H L Kirk, Rifle Brigade.
Captain E R W King, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut J M Lee, Londons.
Captain K W Lee, Field Artillery.
Captain W B Lawrence, Medicals.
Second-Lieut L B Leech, Rifle Brigade.
Captain A A Lermit, Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Lewis, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain E A Lloyd, Londons.
Second-Lieut G A N Lowndes, Londons.
Second-Lieut J Mcerea, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut G M Mckay, Londons.
Major T McGowan, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J T Maclellan, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut J P Madgin, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut C J E Mallet-Veale, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H R Mansergh, Liverpools.
Lieut R H Marriott, Shropshire L I.
Lieut C R C Marsh, Shropshire L I.
Lieut-Col D Mathers, Inniskillings.
Captain J K Mews, Londons.
Second-Lieut R W V Midlane, Kings Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut E H Moffatt, Londons.
Second-Lieut A L Morgan, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut F W Moss, Shropshire L I.
Captain A R Nowlands, Artillery.
Captain P J O'Reilly, Medicals.
Captain A Oswell, Durham L I.
Lieut F V Owen, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R Page, Rifle Brigade.
Lieut G R M Pakenham, Rifle Brigade.
Captain S A Palk, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J Pattinson, Border Regiment
Captain T M Peake, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut H C Pearce, Londons.
Lieut J A D Perrins, Welsh Guards.
Lieut G M Perry, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut F C Pettigrew, Londons.
Lieut R J Pinto, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut R V Powell, Scots Guards.
Second-Lieut L N J Prowlesland, Londons.
Second-Lieut J A Prescott, Dorsets.
Second-Lieut E J Pursglove, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut T W Ramsey, Londons.
Second-Lieut L R Ray, Londons.
Lieut S E Redfern, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W Rennison, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut F M Richardson, Londons.
Second-Lieut G Roberts, Londons.
Second-Lieut J R Roberts, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J Robson, Yorkshires.
Lieut E M Robson, Yorkshires.
Captain H C E Ross, Scots Guards.
Second-Lieut P H Rowe, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut A B Rolwerson, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Captain L E Rundell, Londons.
Second-Lieut W E Russell, Dorsets.
Second-Lieut W Ryall, Londons.
Captain G H Salmon, Leicesters.
Captain H Sanderson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J A Saxton, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H G Scott, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut J Sellar, Seaforths.
Second-Lieut W B Siddons, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Slater, Durham L I.
Lieut C M Smith, Middlesex.
Rev. M Smith, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut J G Steel, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut F B Stevenson, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut F L Stocker, Royal Fusiliers.
Captain D Sutton, Londons.
Lieut H S P Symonds, Londons.
Second-Lieut R E Taylor, Londons.
Second-Lieut R H Templeman, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut N L Thomas, Londons.
Captain G Thompson, Yorkshire L I.
Second-Lieut R N Thorn, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut E L Townsend, Londons.
Second-Lieut F O Trechmann, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W W Tucker, Middlesex.
Captain H H D'E Vallancy, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R B Van Pragh, Kings Royal Rifles.
Major R Wainwright, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut W G Walker, Londons.
Second-Lieut G L Walter, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut E L Walters, Devons.
Second-Lieut F Warwick, Londons.
Captain W L White, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Whiteley, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut R L Whittle, Londons.
Lieut E F Williams, Medicals.
Second-Lieut S Wilson, Durham L I.
Lieut-Col R H G Wilson, Lincolns.
Rev B S Wilson, Chaplain.
Captain L Wood, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut L H W Wyatt, Londons.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut A B Amy, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut J L Goddard, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut E L Mylne, Irish Guards.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut A Feetham, Border Regiment.
Lieut C G Gardner, Grenadiers.
Captain D W Glass, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut J M Lauderdale, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut A Lawson, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut S M Scott, Coldstreams.
Lieut W A Sainton, Grenadiers.
Captain Hon. R P Stanhope, Grenadiers.
Lieut F Thewlis, Coldstreams.
Lieut C R Tisdall, Irish Guards.
Second-Lieut E A Walton, Durham L I.
Lieut L C Whiteford, Irish Guards.

MISSING BELIEVED WOUNDED.

Captain R A A Ferguson, Coldstreams.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut J Burnett, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut L St. C Dickinson, Londons.
Captain J B Faber, Engineers.
Second-Lieut E Fletcher, Londons.
Lieut J D Fry, Londons.
Second-Lieut G D Jackson, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut A C Legge, Machine Gun Corps.
Captain A T Logan, Medicals.
Captain H Petley, Londons.
Second-Lieut S J Price, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut E W Sheasby, Londons.
Second-Lieut A S Thomson, Londons.
Captain H C Tower, Flying Corps.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut R F Miller, Devons should read Second-Lieut R F Miller, Yorkshire L I.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut L J Cherry, Dorsets should read Second-Lieut L Cherry, Machine Gun Corps.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut E Asquith, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut M Burke, West Yorks.
Captain B Corp, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut F Cutler, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G A Garland, Durhams.
Second-Lieut E B George, Durhams.
Second-Lieut C H Graham, Dublins.
Second-Lieut C K O Graham, Durhams.
Second-Lieut F A Hart, Somersets.
Rev R E Inglis, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut A S Jackson, Yorks Light Infantry.
Lieut W F Keay, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut P McConnon, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut W V O'Brien, Cheshires.
Lieut F R Oxley, Sussex.
Lieut E Schonfield, Londons.
Second-Lieut K W Sutcliffe, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut A A Tindal, Field Artillery.
Captain H C Webb, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut G H Wesselhoeft, Durhams.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING, NOW REPORTED KILLED.

Lieut E L J Stockdale, Lancashire Fusiliers.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut A R Jacob, Durhams.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut C P Ambler, Wellingtons.
Second-Lieut W D Anderson, Durhams.
Lieut F Bamforth, Wellingtons.
Captain G C Beil, Durhams.
Second-Lieut B D Bennett, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut L Benson, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut P C Bernard, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut E G Bingham, Yorkshires.
Lieut C L Bleadon, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G H Bowen, South Staffs.
Captain G Brindley, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut H W Brown, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut J R Brown, Machine Gun Corps.
Captain H W Bubb, North Staffs.
Second-Lieut S Bulmer, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut A W Cale, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut A S Chattey, Field Artillery.
Captain L K Cockburn, Durhams.
Second-Lieut S G Cowper, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut H E B De Gruchy, Shropshires.
Second-Lieut J E Dennison, Black Watch.
Captain J M De Paravicini, Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut J L Deverell, Field Artillery.
Lieut W Edmenson, Durhams.
Lieut C F Ellenberger, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut W A Esdaile-Green, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut A N Evers, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut J F Field, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut H W Glendinning, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut C C Goldsmid, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut E L Greene, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut H P Hart, Durhams.
Second-Lieut J W Henderson, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut J M Herring, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G H C Hobbs, Dorsets.
Second-Lieut W H Hoile, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut J A Holden, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut B V Jalland, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut M B Jopling, Durhams.
Major H P Jones, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Key, Durhams.
Second-Lieut E J Krog, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut A M Lascelles, Durhams.
Captain A H Law, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A Wild, Durhams.
Second-Lieut W Layton, Wellingtons.
Second-Lieut F Leys, Durhams.
Second-Lieut J Lodge, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut B W Long, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut B C Lupton, Wellingtons.
Second-Lieut A McArthur, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut W K Marshall, West Yorks.
Lieut A Milne, Durhams.
Second-Lieut F J D Montgomerie, Engineers.
Second-Lieut C A C Murdock, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut J Murray, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A A Neville, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut M R Pease, Durhams.
Second-Lieut J S Purvis, Yorkshires.
Captain E S Rerrie, East Yorks.
Second-Lieut P D Rooke, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut A Rothfield, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G S G Schindler, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut A Simpson, Yorks Light Infantry.
Captain L D Spicer, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut S A Sinner, Shropshires.
Captain A F Smith, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut E H Smith, Cameronians.
Lieut G F Stringfellow, Durhams.
Second-Lieut W B Taylor, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut E Trapnell, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut E W Tuffs, Durhams.
Captain F J Widdowson, Durhams.
Second-Lieut S Wilkinson, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut D M B Williams, Shropshires.
Captain W C Wollett, Yorks Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut G M F Wreford, Lincolns.
Captain A G Wright, Leicesters.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut P L S Green, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut W J Ward, Rifle Brigade.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut R N Carter, Dorsets.
Second-Lieut H J Dickinson, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut D Forryan, Shropshires.
Second-Lieut W J Gray, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut A Hudspoth, South Staffs.
Lieut G E Joyce, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut A S Morley, Durhams.
Second-Lieut F Quarmby, Wellingtons.
Second-Lieut H Royley, Durhams.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

KILLED.

Lieut R F C Thompson, Grenadiers, should read Second-Lieut R F C Tompson, Grenadiers.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 7.

The name of the following British officer appears in the Casualty List No. 216, Indian Expeditionary Forces:—

WOUNDED.

Major H. S. Tyndall, Indian Army.

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Infantile Paralysis — Anæmia — Vital Exhaustion
Neurasthenia — Kidney Weakness — General Debility

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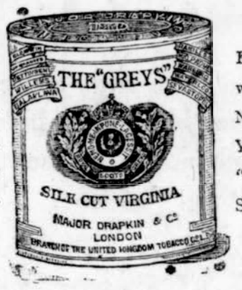

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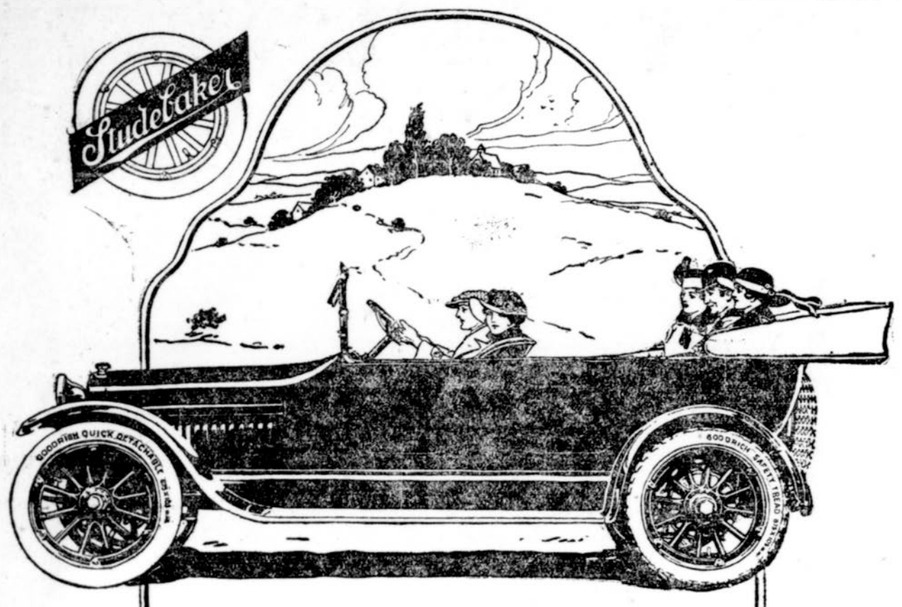

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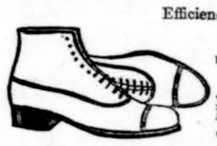

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